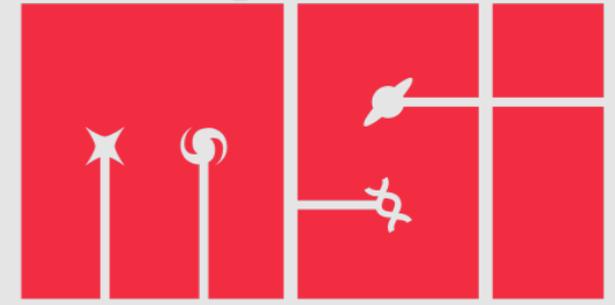




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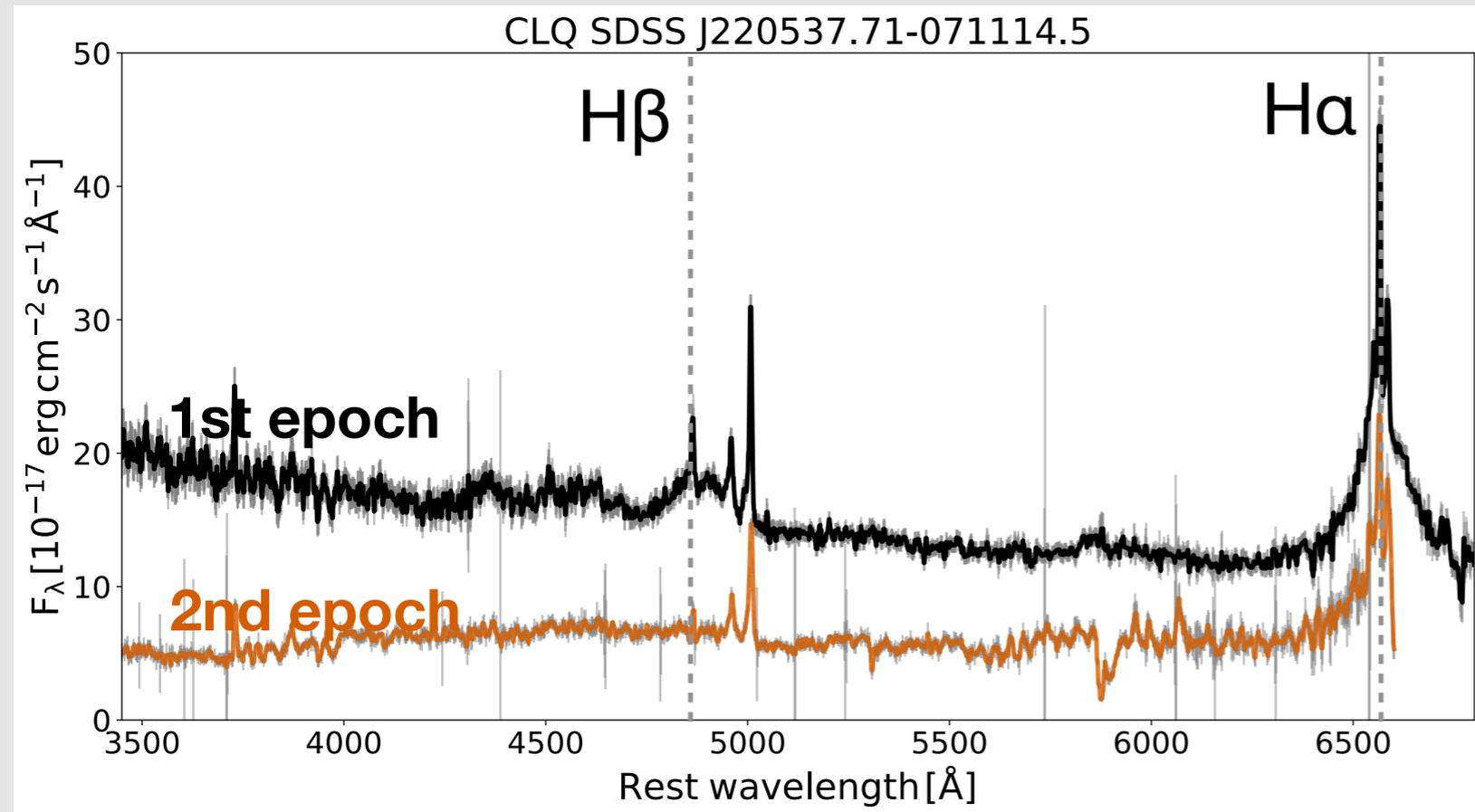
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Connecting Changing-look quasars optical/X-ray spectral shapes with Eddington ratios

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Changing-look quasars



Rapid (~ 10 yrs) change:

- AGN types
- Continuum fluxes

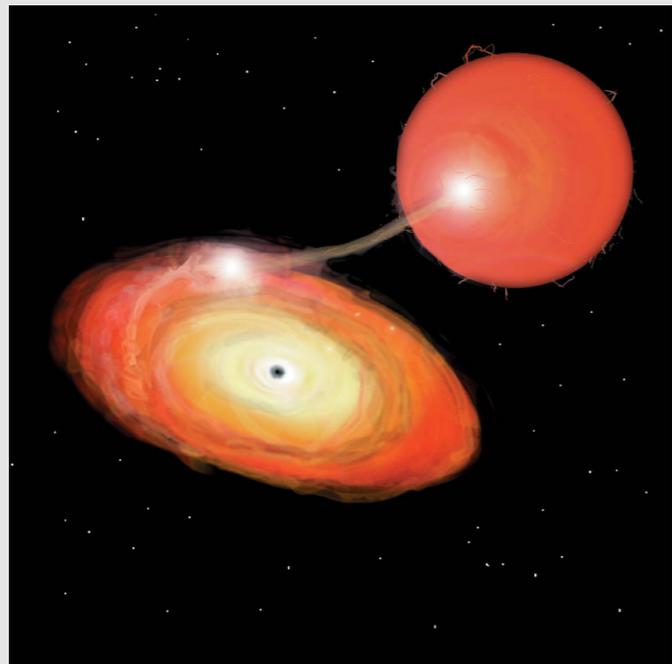
The origin of CLQs is not known yet

(Credit: Macleod et al. 2019)

Test XRB/AGN analogy

X-ray binaries undergoing accretion state transition

Transition timescale: ~ **100 days**

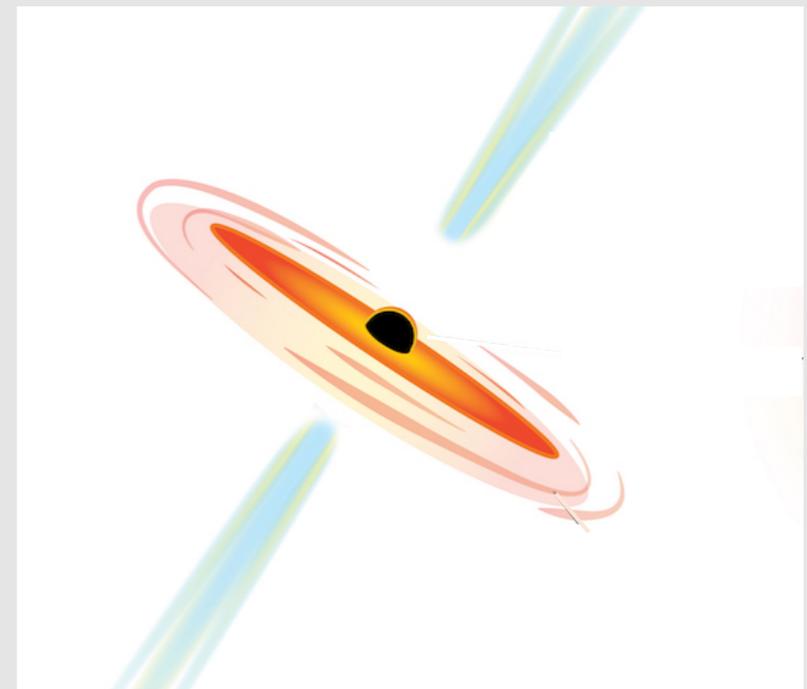


Credit: NASA

Changing-look quasar phenomenon

Expected Transition timescale: ~ **10^5 years**

Observed timescale: ~ **10 years**



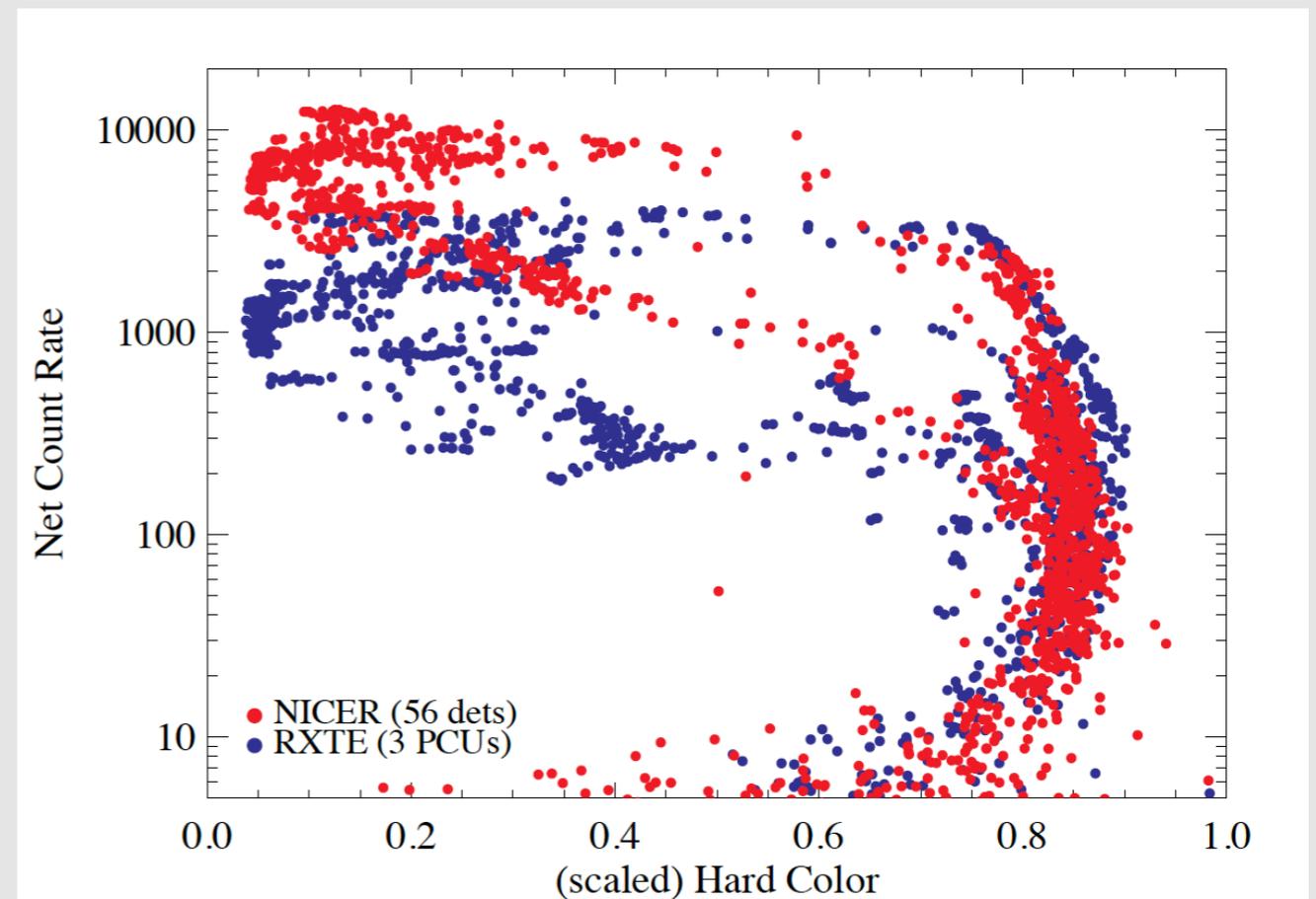
Credit: Sophia Dagnello, NRAO/AUI/NSF

We thereby aim to test whether there is any **observable** connection between changing-look quasars and X-ray binaries undergoing accretion state transitions.

X-ray binaries in outbursts

For black hole X-ray binaries

Hardness-Intensity Diagram
NICER Observation

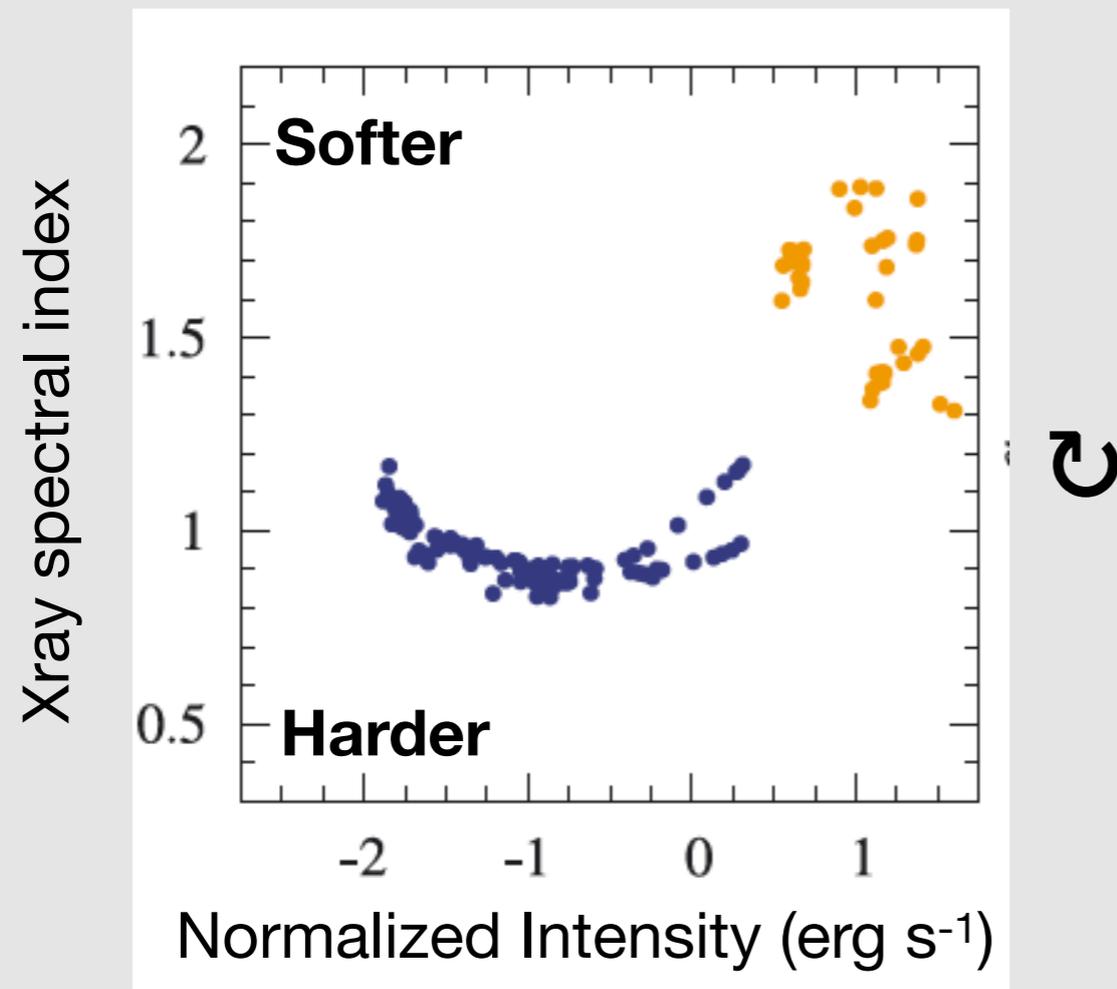


Credit: Steiner, J. & NICER team

X-ray binaries in outbursts

For black hole X-ray binaries

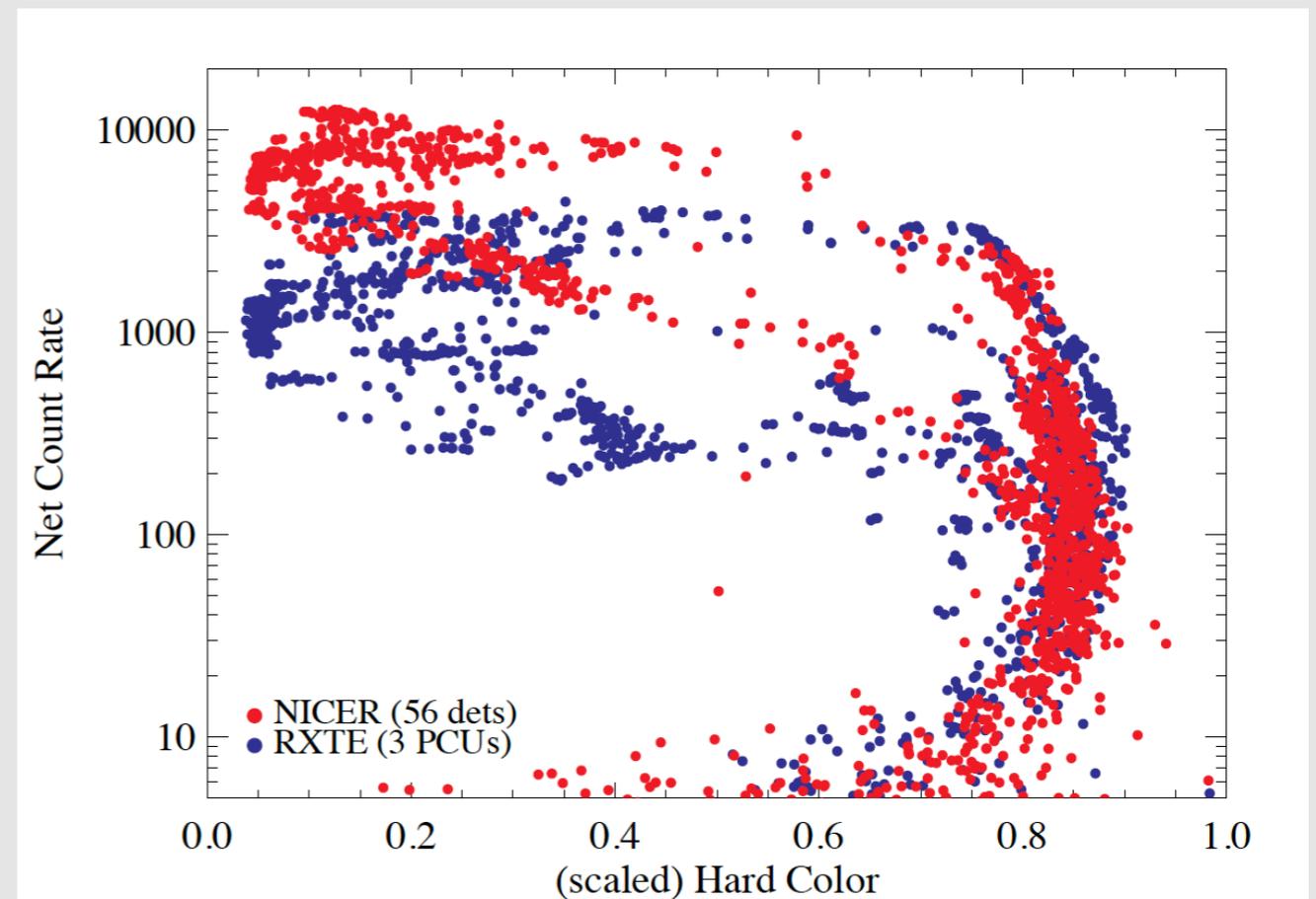
RXTE Observation



Credit: Sobolewska et al. 2011

Hardness-Intensity Diagram

NICER Observation

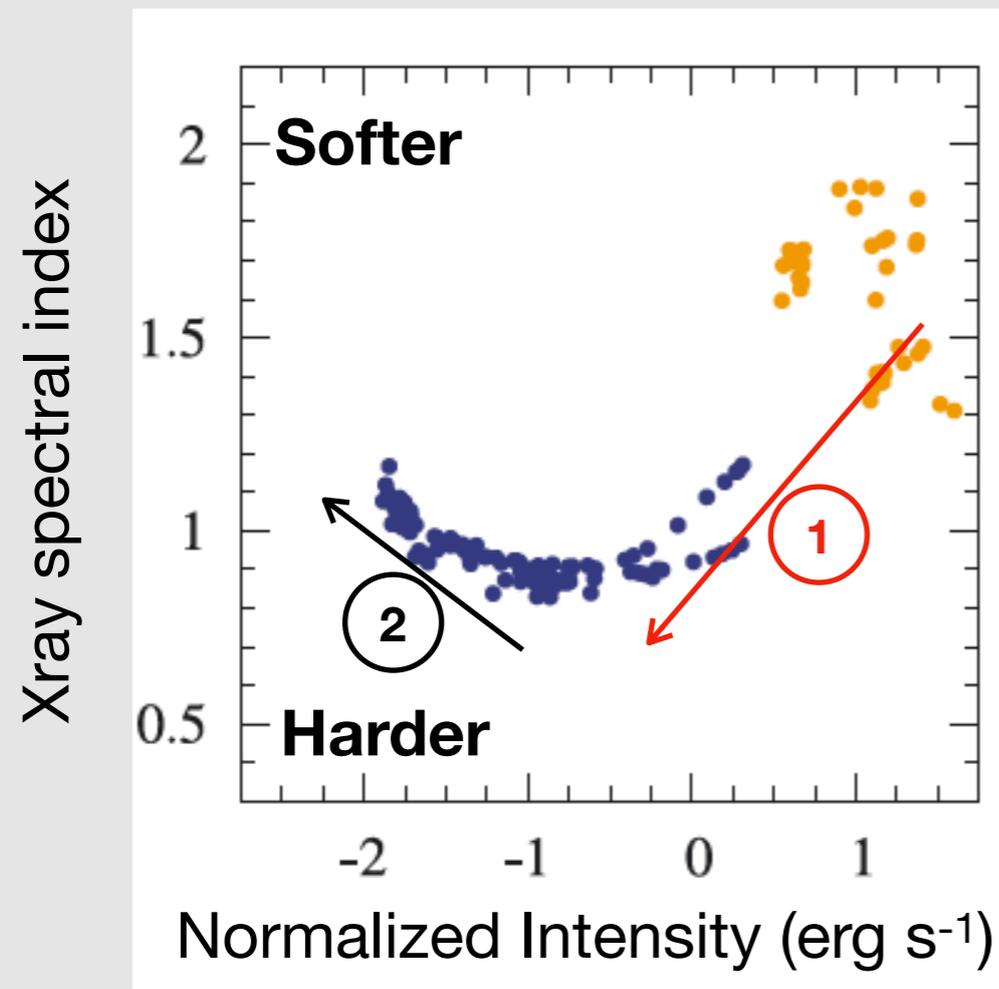


Credit: Steiner, J. & NICER team

X-ray binaries in outbursts

For black hole X-ray binaries

RXTE Observation



① Fading, spectra hardening

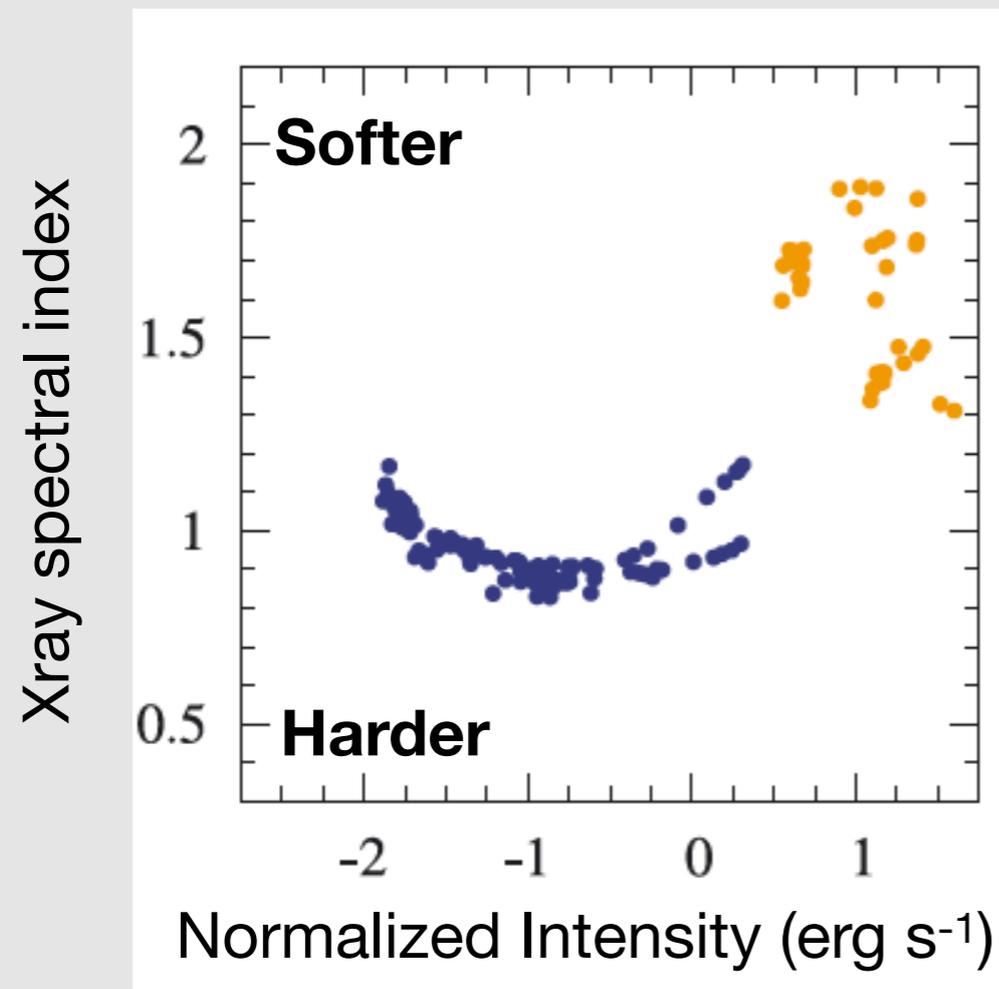
② Fading, spectra softening

“V” shape

Credit: Sobolewska et al. 2011

From X-ray binaries to AGN

RXTE Observation

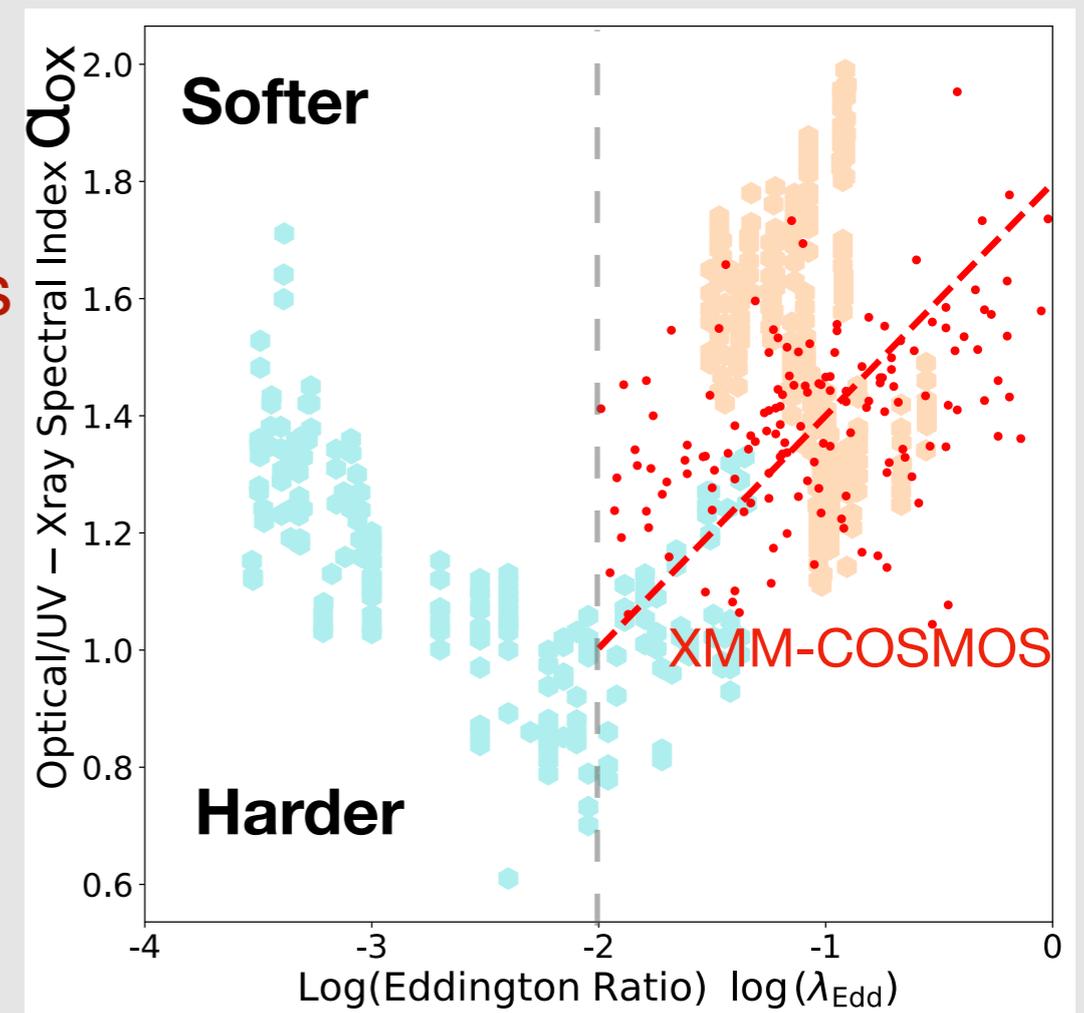


Credit: Sobolewska et al. 2011

Scaling
all the
emissions
to AGN



Simulated AGN

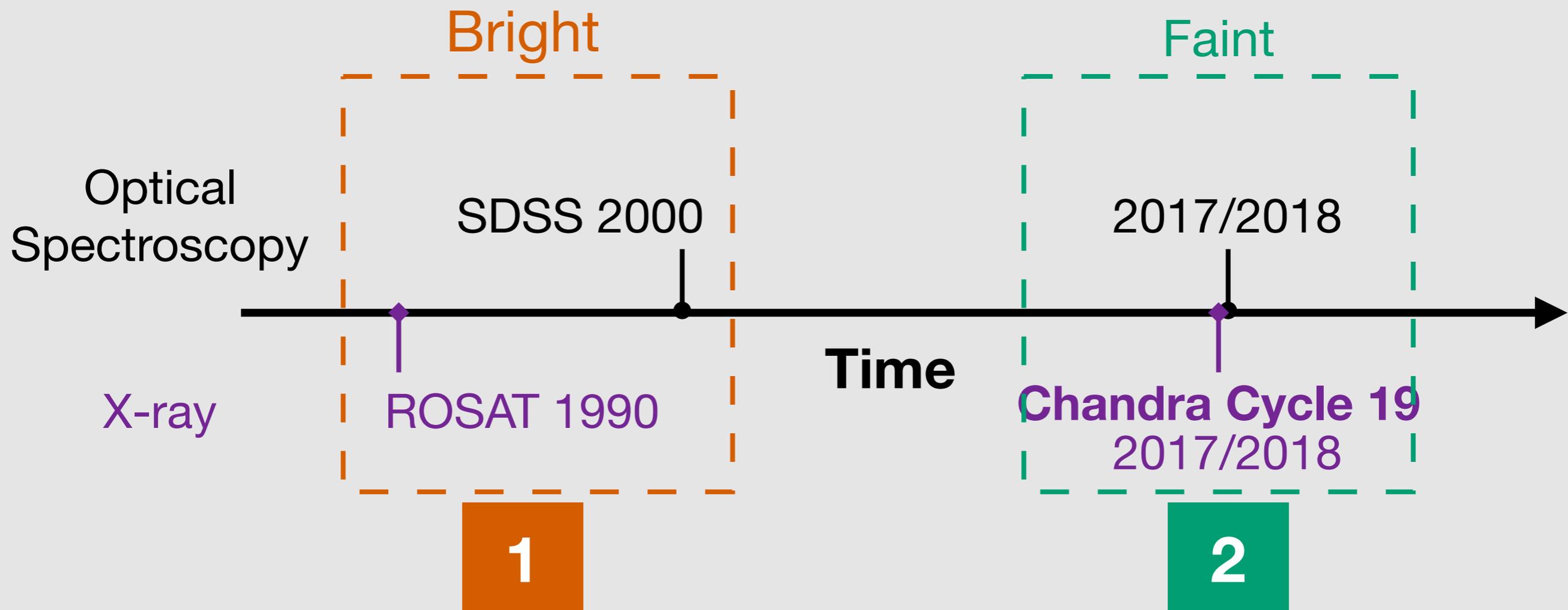


Adapted from Sobolewska et al. 2011

Data selection

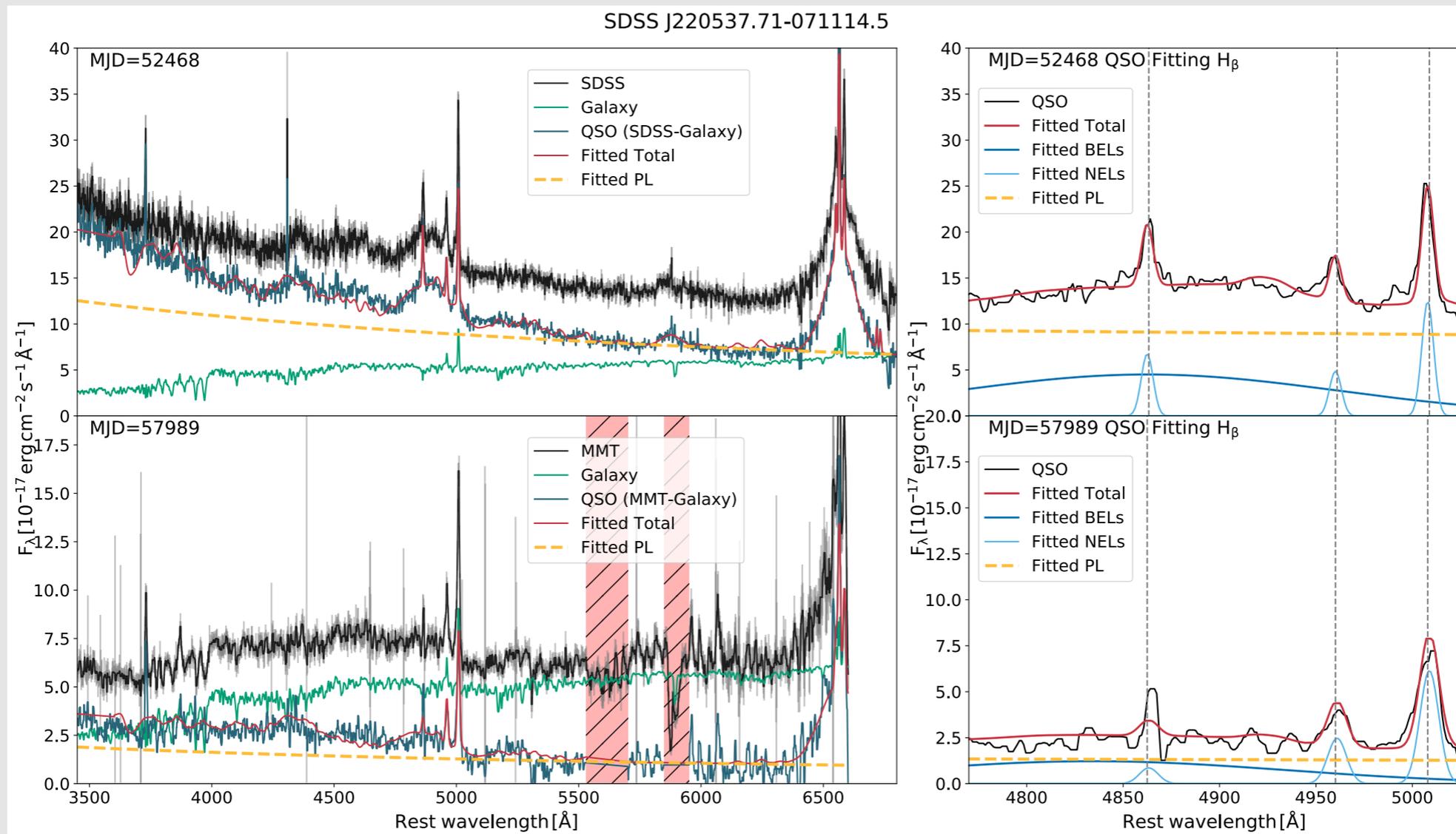
9 Changing-look quasars (identified by SDSS), all faded in optical

To measure α_{ox} , we need both optical and X-ray data

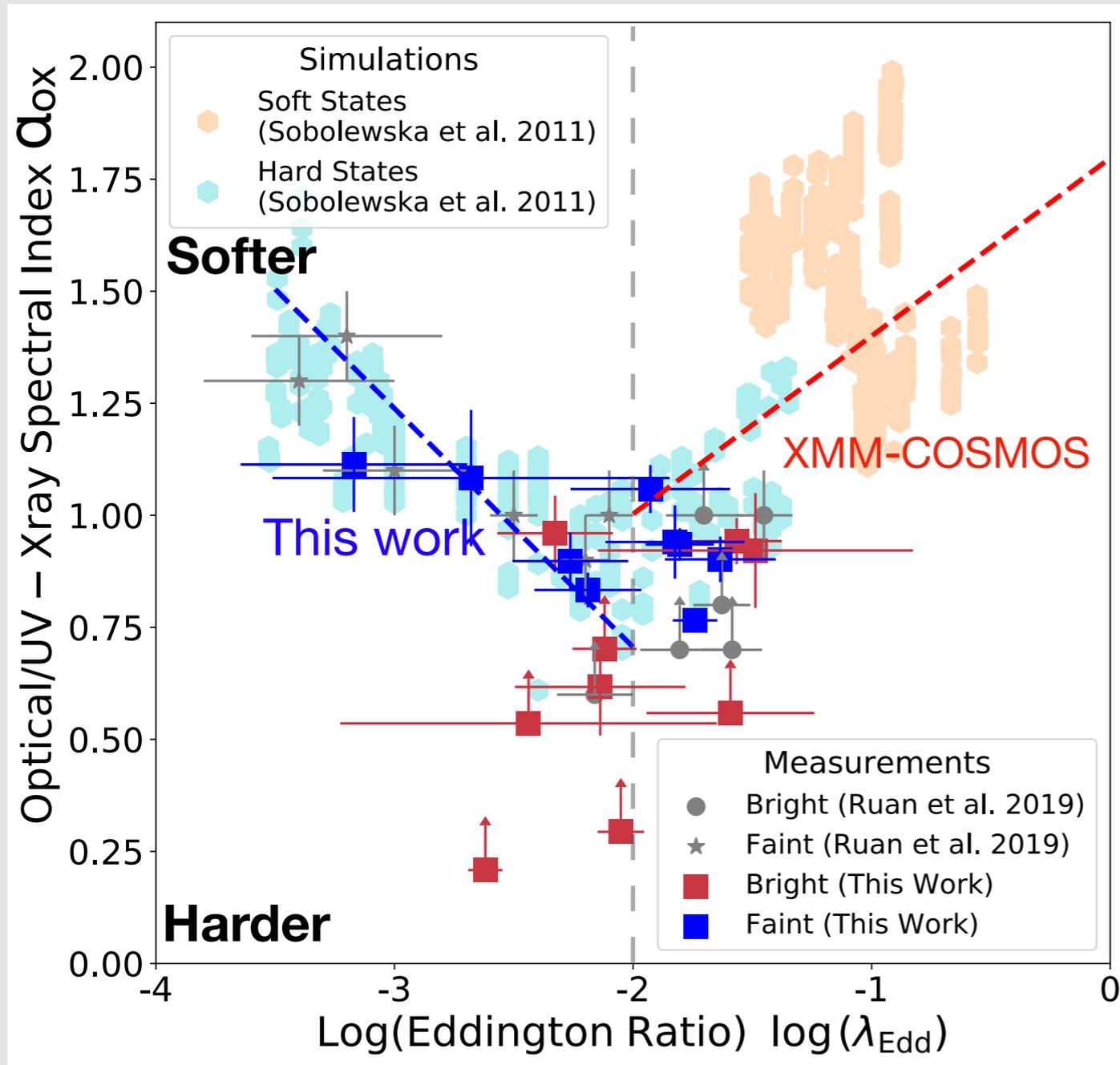


Quasar spectra fitting

Every optical spectrum is decomposed into corresponding **galaxy/quasar** spectrum by using MCMC. Eigen galaxy/quasar spectra are from Yip et al. 2004. The **power-law** continuum, **broad/narrow** emission lines, and high order Balmer lines etc. are fitted in the quasar spectrum.



Results: $\alpha_{\text{OX}}-\lambda_{\text{Edd}}$



(Jin et al. in preparation)

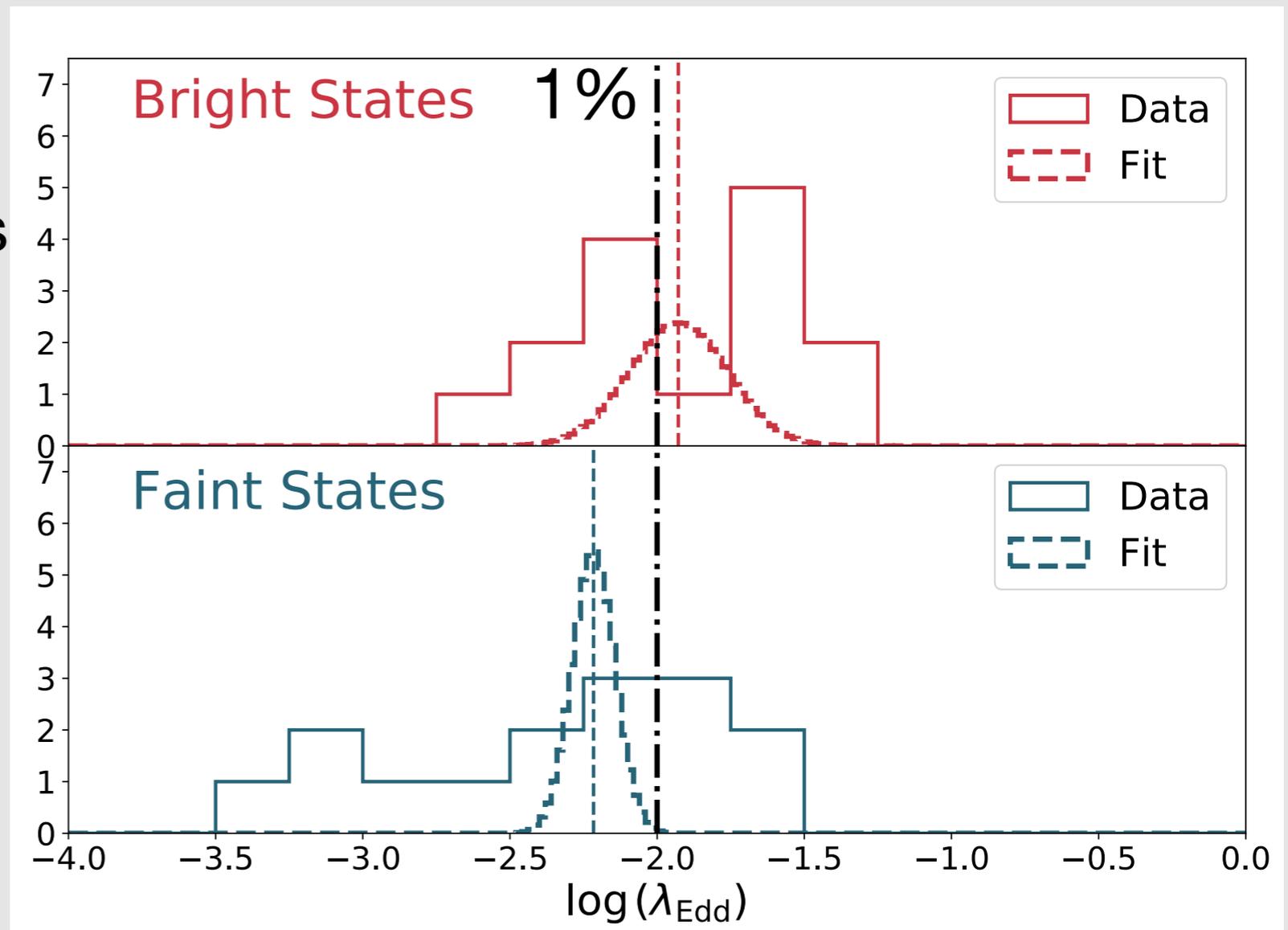
α_{OX} and λ_{Edd} at $\lambda_{\text{Edd}} \approx 1\%$ show an **anti-correlation**

consistent with simulated results
(Sobolewska+ 2011)

Bright/Faint States

Single Gaussian distribution
for both bright and faint states

Transition from **bright**
to **faint** cross an
Eddington ratio $\sim 1\%$
(Elitzur et al. 2014)



(Jin et al. in preparation)

Conclusion

We measured α_{ox} and λ_{Edd} of 9 changing-look quasars

- α_{ox} and λ_{Edd} of faint state CLQs at $\lambda_{\text{Edd}} \lesssim 1\%$ show **an anti-correlation**.
- α_{ox} and λ_{Edd} of CLQs are consistent with simulated results scaling from X-ray binaries to AGNs (Sobolewska et al. 2011).
- Eddington ratios of best-fitted bright/faint states cross $\sim 1\%$, which seems to be crucial for the disappearance/appearance of the broad emission lines.

Thank you!