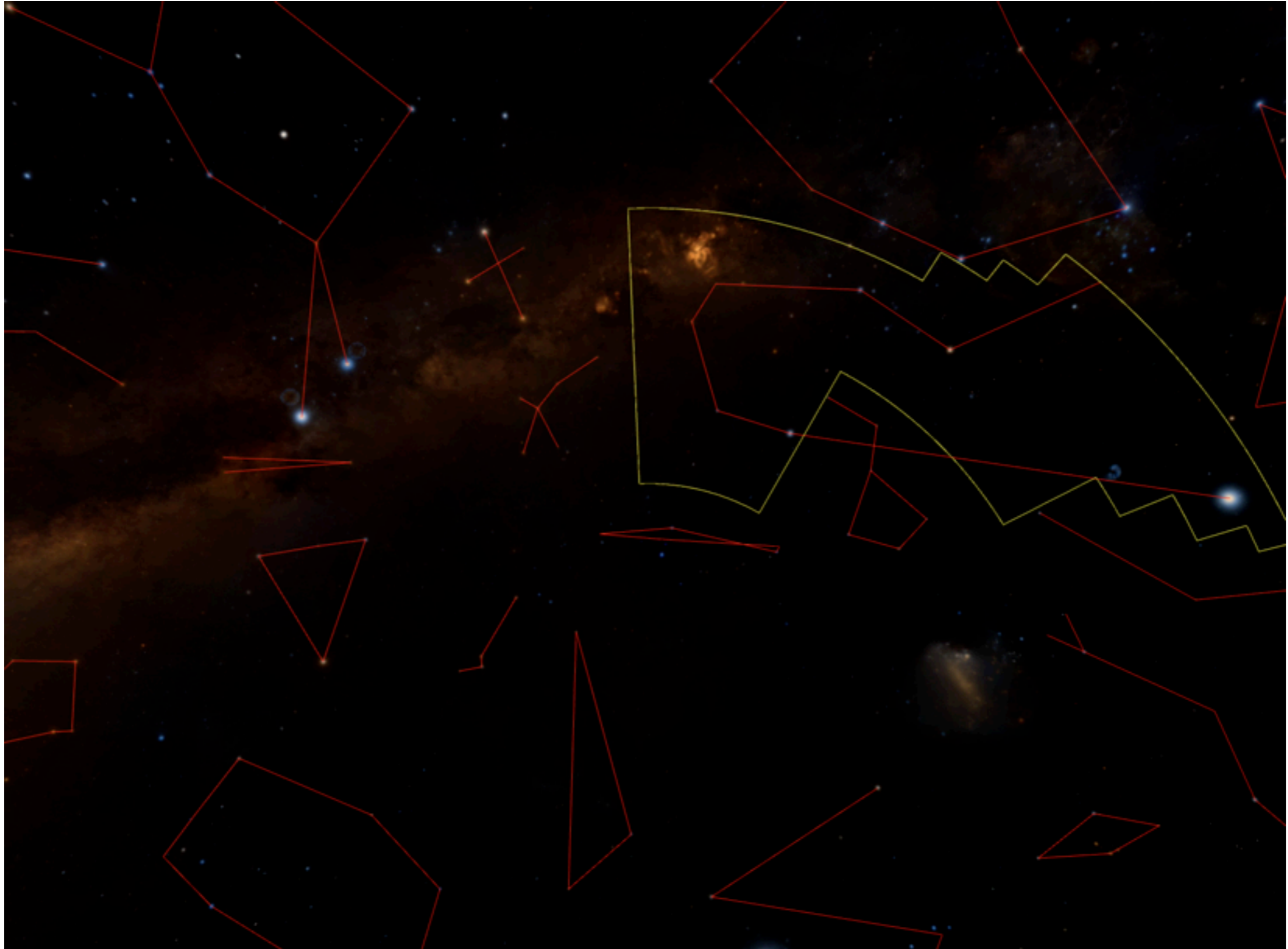


A grayscale visualization of gravitational lensing, showing a bright, curved, multi-lobed structure on the left side of the frame, set against a background of a star field. The structure appears to be a lensed image of a distant source, with multiple images and a distorted shape due to the gravitational field of a foreground object.

GRAVITATIONAL LENSES AS HIGH-RESOLUTION TELESCOPES

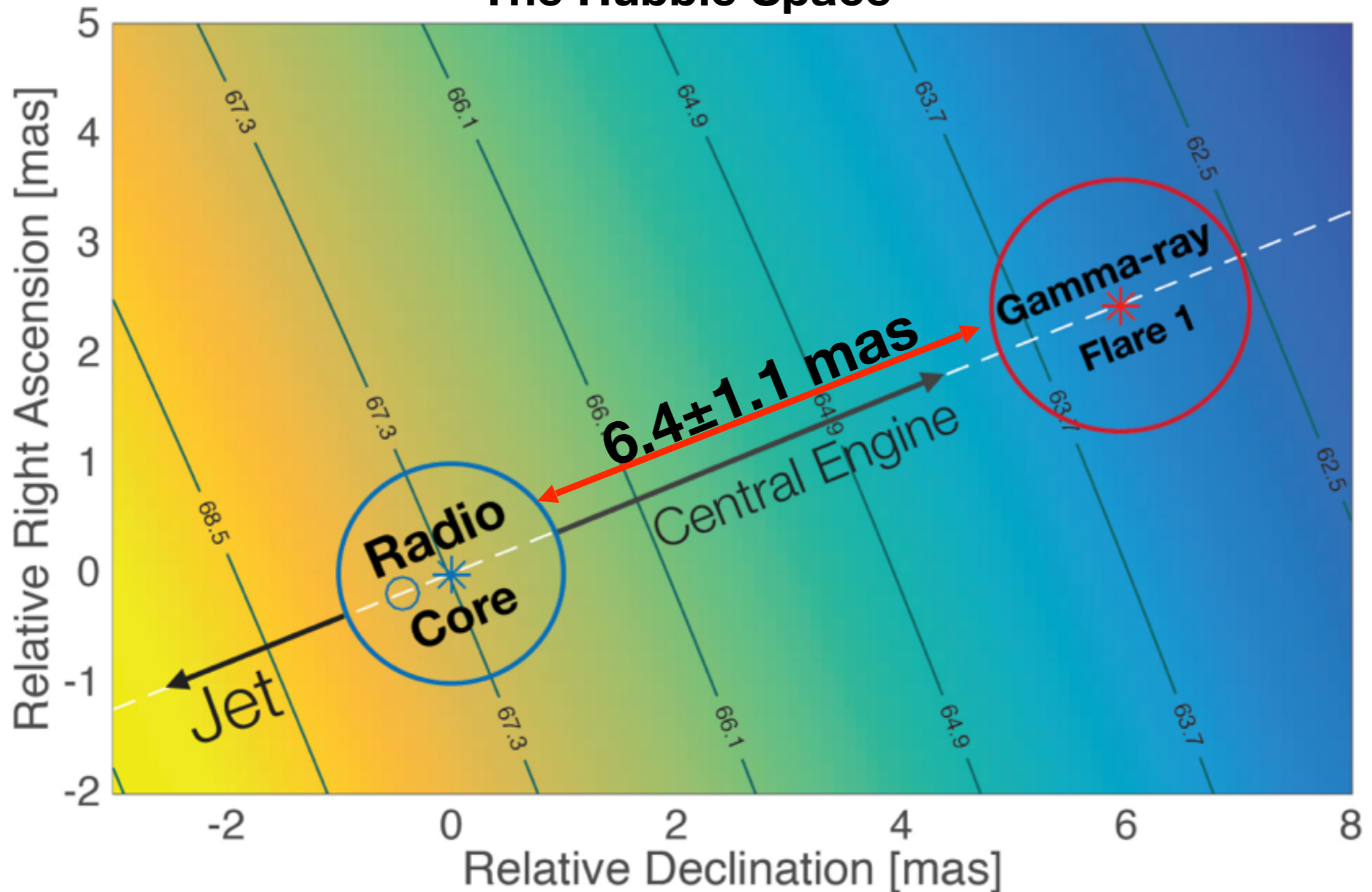
Anna Barnacka
Einstein Fellow at Harvard

JOURNEY TO INNER REGION OF M87

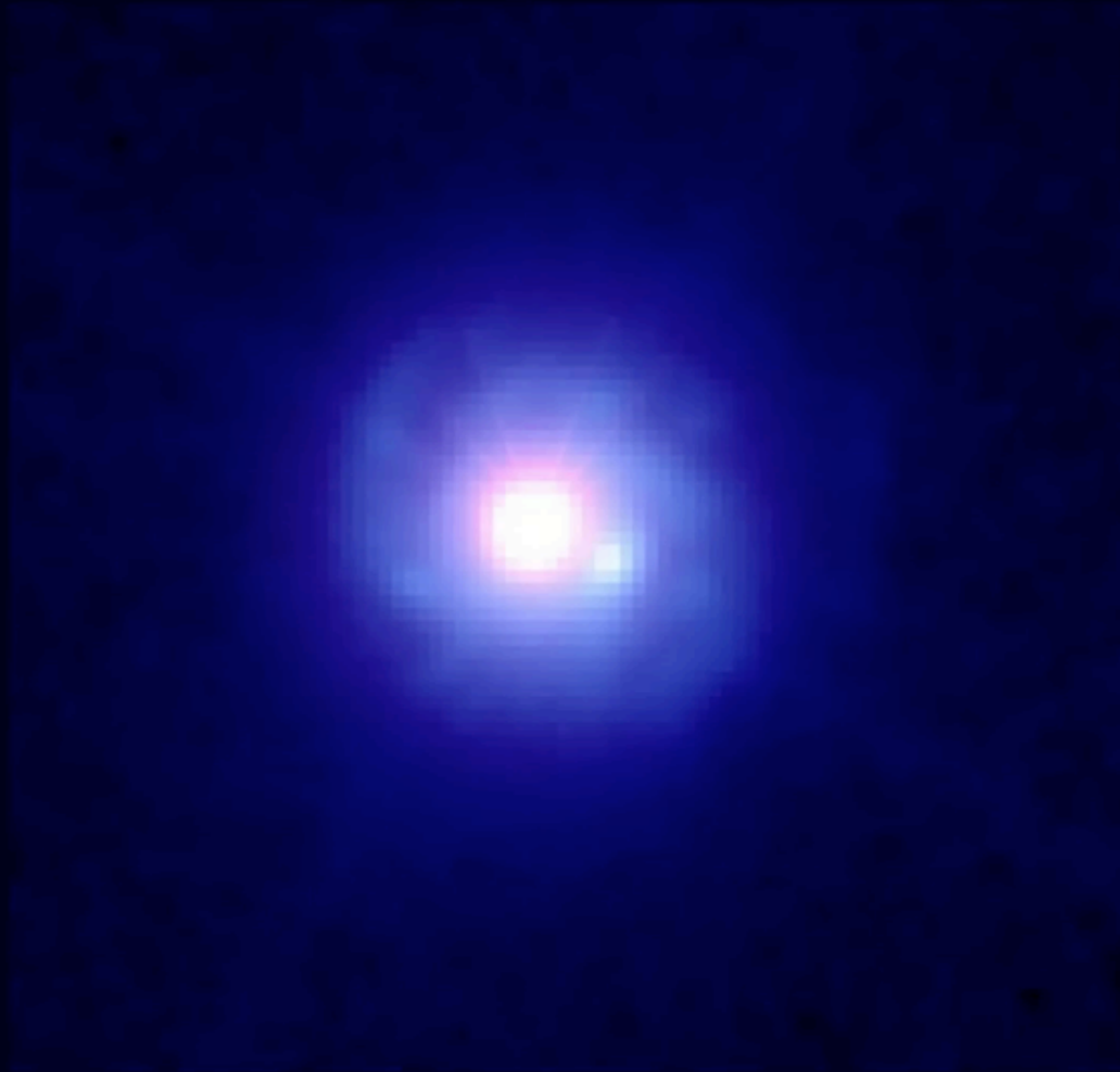


OFFSET: RADIO CORE – SUPERMASSIVE BLACK HOLE

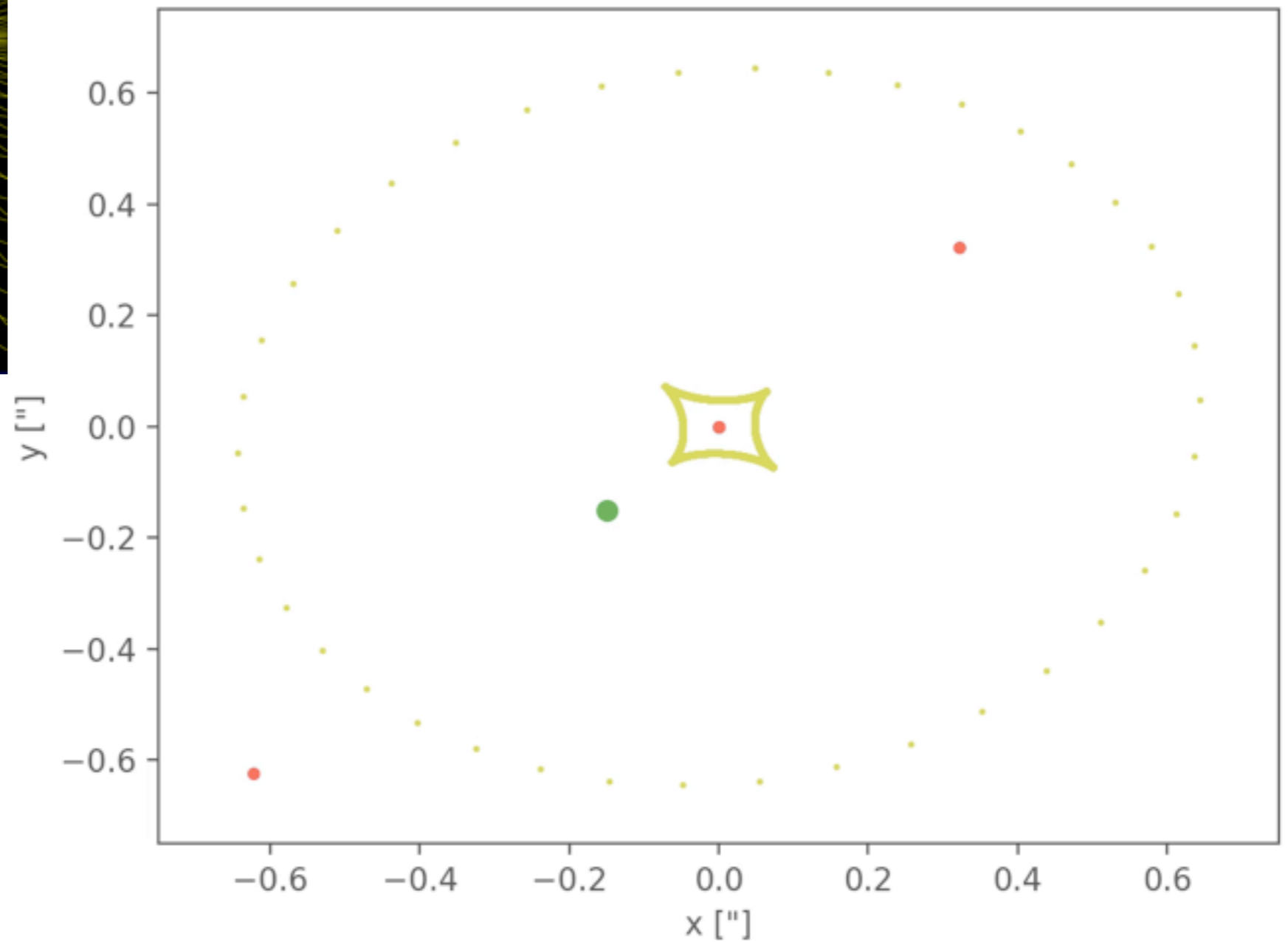
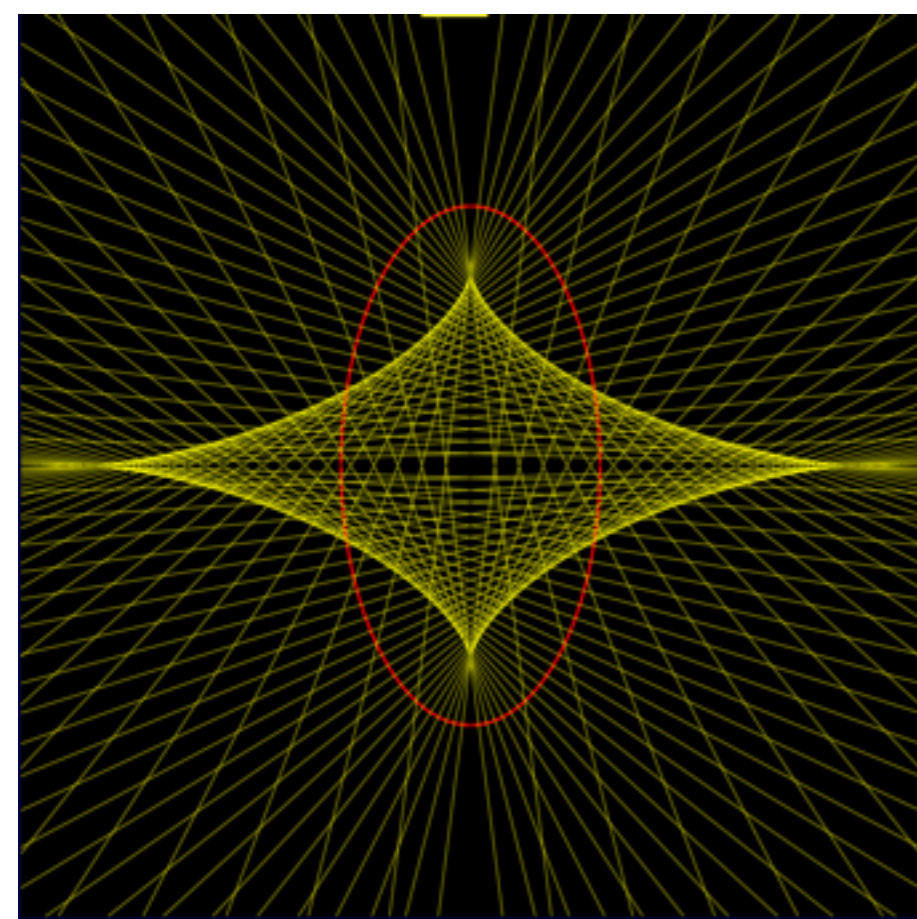
The Hubble Space



GALAXIES AS COSMIC LENSES

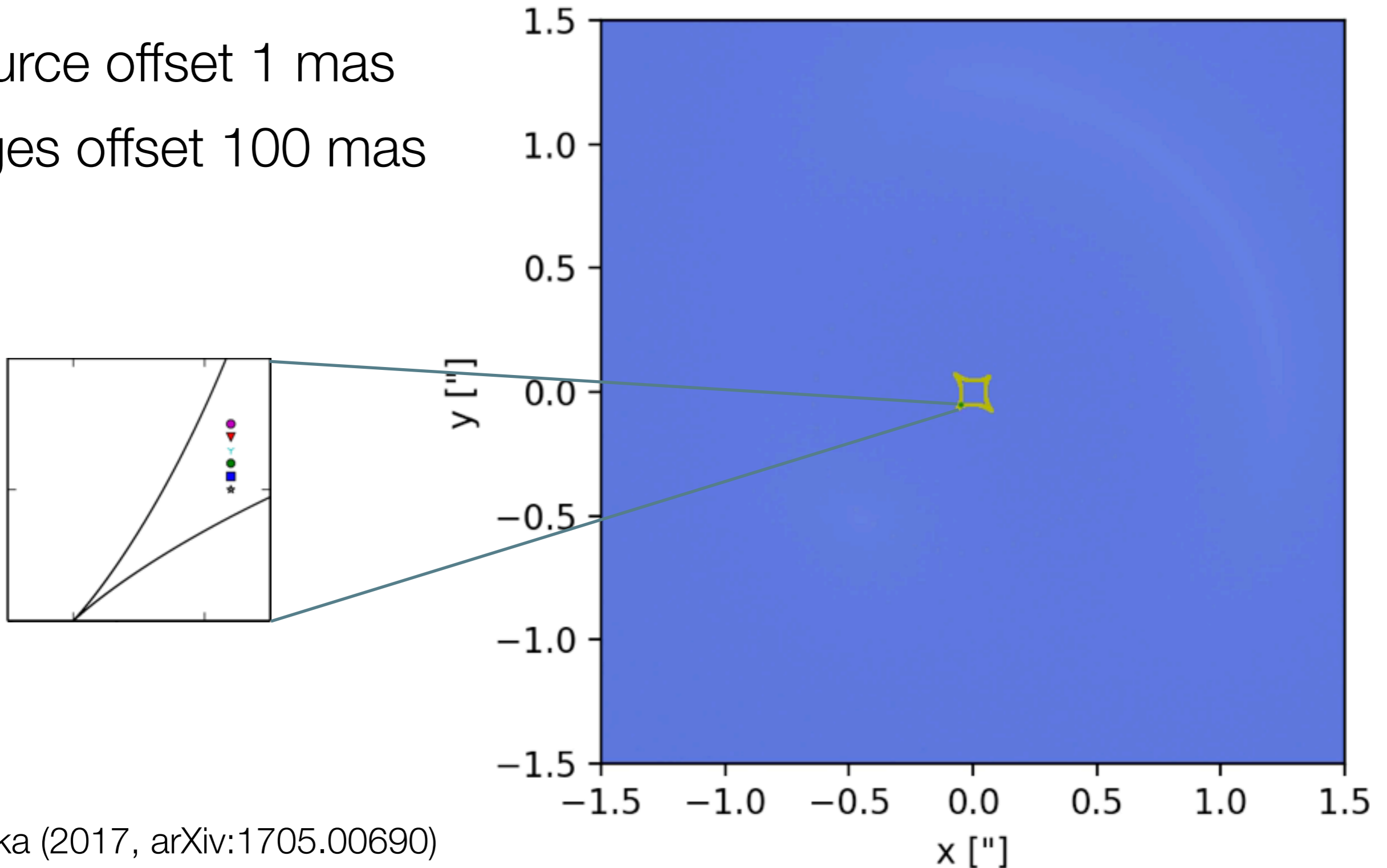


SOURCE CLOSE TO THE CAUSTIC OF THE LENSING GALAXY

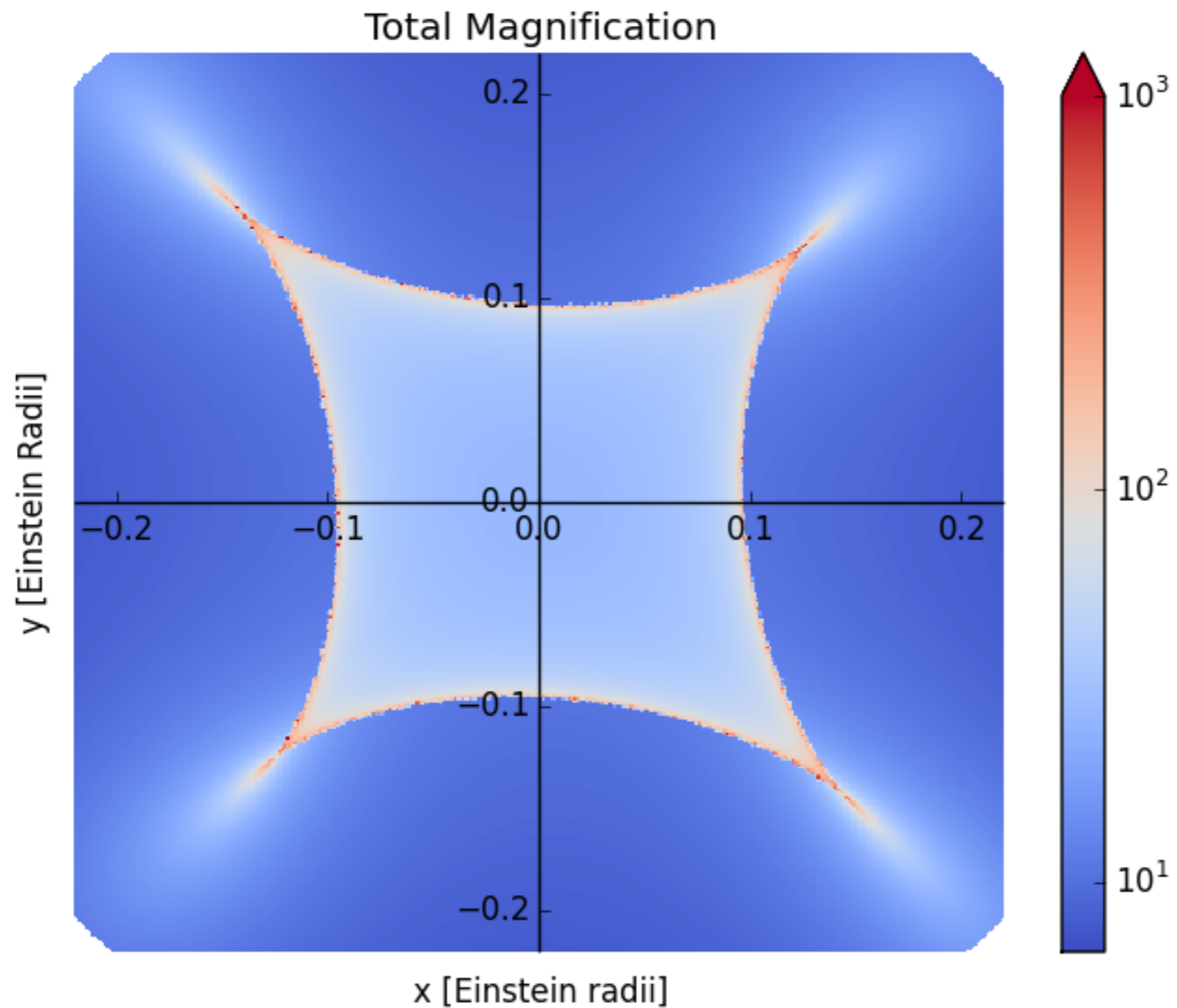


TOY MODEL: SOURCES CLOSE TO THE CAUSTIC

Source offset 1 mas
Images offset 100 mas

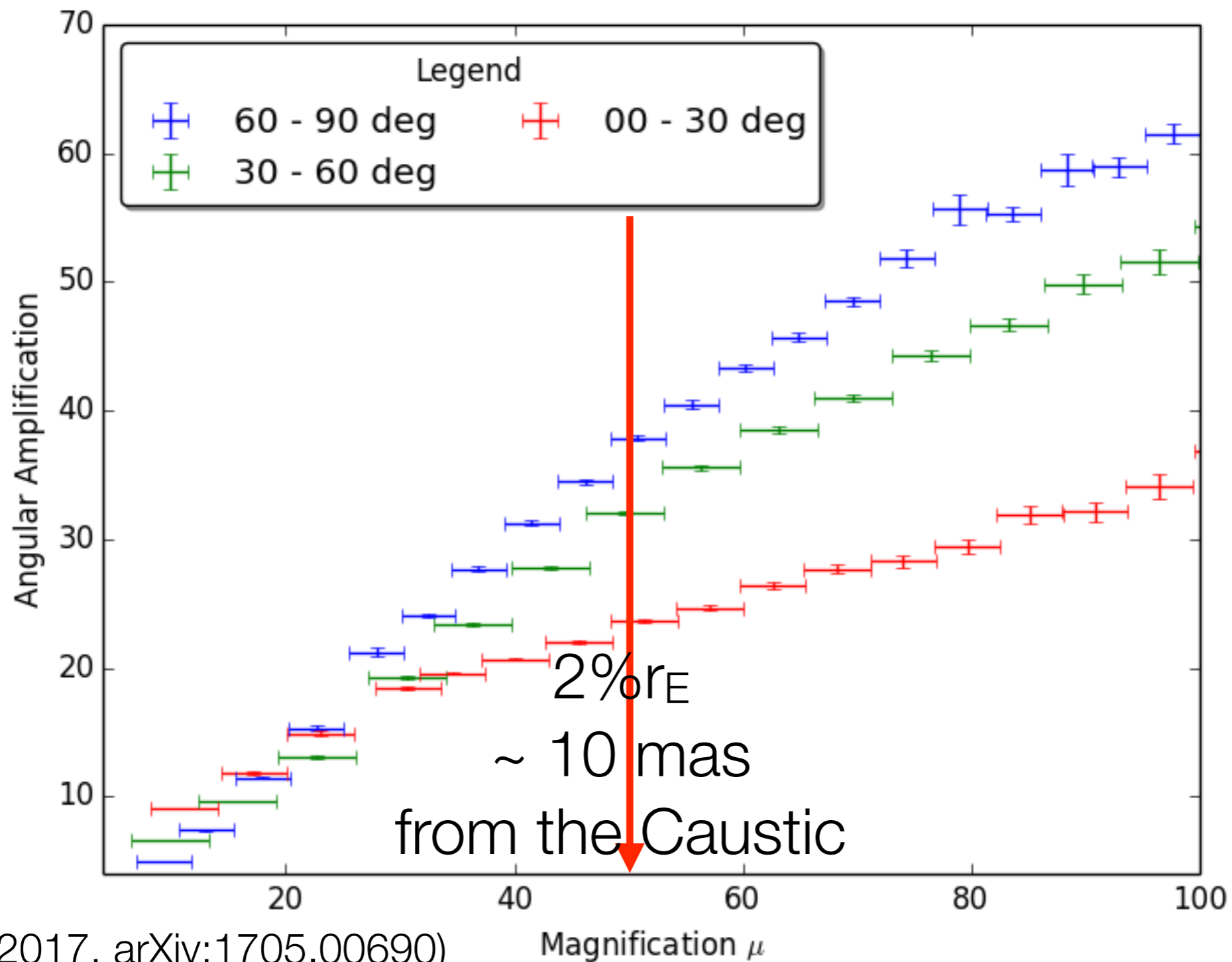


FLUX MAGNIFICATION IN CAUSTIC REGION



ANGULAR AMPLIFICATION IN CAUSTIC REGION

Monte Carlo Simulations of 10^6 pair of offset sources



LENSED QUASARS IN CAUSTIC CONFIGURATION



**8 out
of 20**

**J
V
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S
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C
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A
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S**

EUCLID AND SKY SYNERGY

SKA

Resolution:
2 mas at 10 GHz
20 mas at 1 GHz

Euclid

HST like resolution
to ~ 24 mag

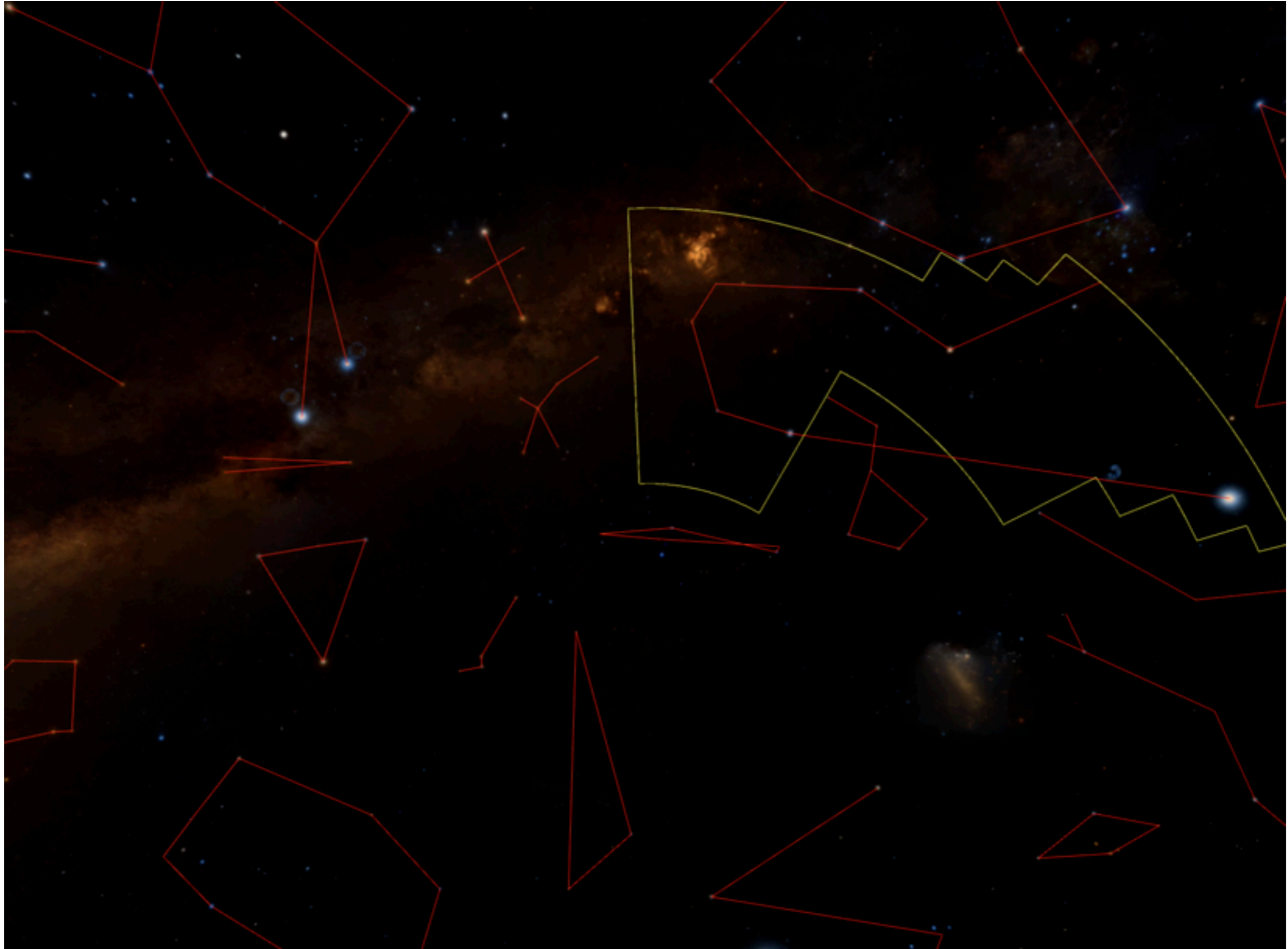
In near future: observations of more than **10^5** strongly lensed flat spectrum radio-loud quasars

SUMMARY

Barnacka Anna (2017, ApJ)

- Caustic Configuration:
 - > 50 x Flux Magnification
 - > 50 x Angular Amplification
 - Resolution \sim a few mas
- Currently: dozen of sources
- Near future: SKA and Euclid dozen of thousands of sources
- Insight into:
 - Inner parts of active galaxies at high redshifts
 - Physical origin of offsets
 - Identify the most distant quasars
 - Follow-up observations with JWST or ELT

JOURNEY TO INNER REGION OF M87



Journey created with World Wide Telescope: Special thanks to Philip Rosenfield

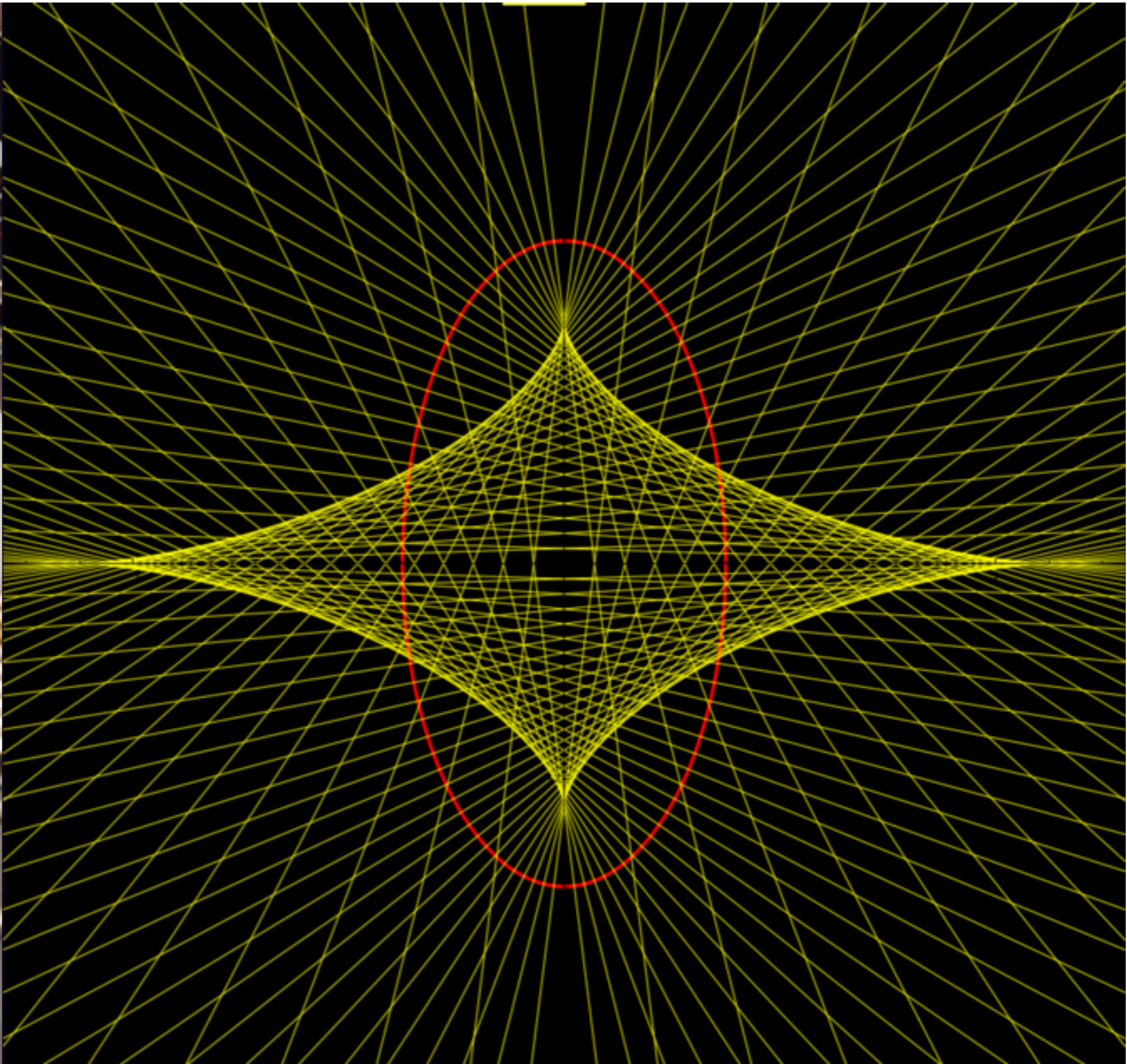
GAIA-VLBA OFFSETS

Table from Petrov & Kovalev (2017)

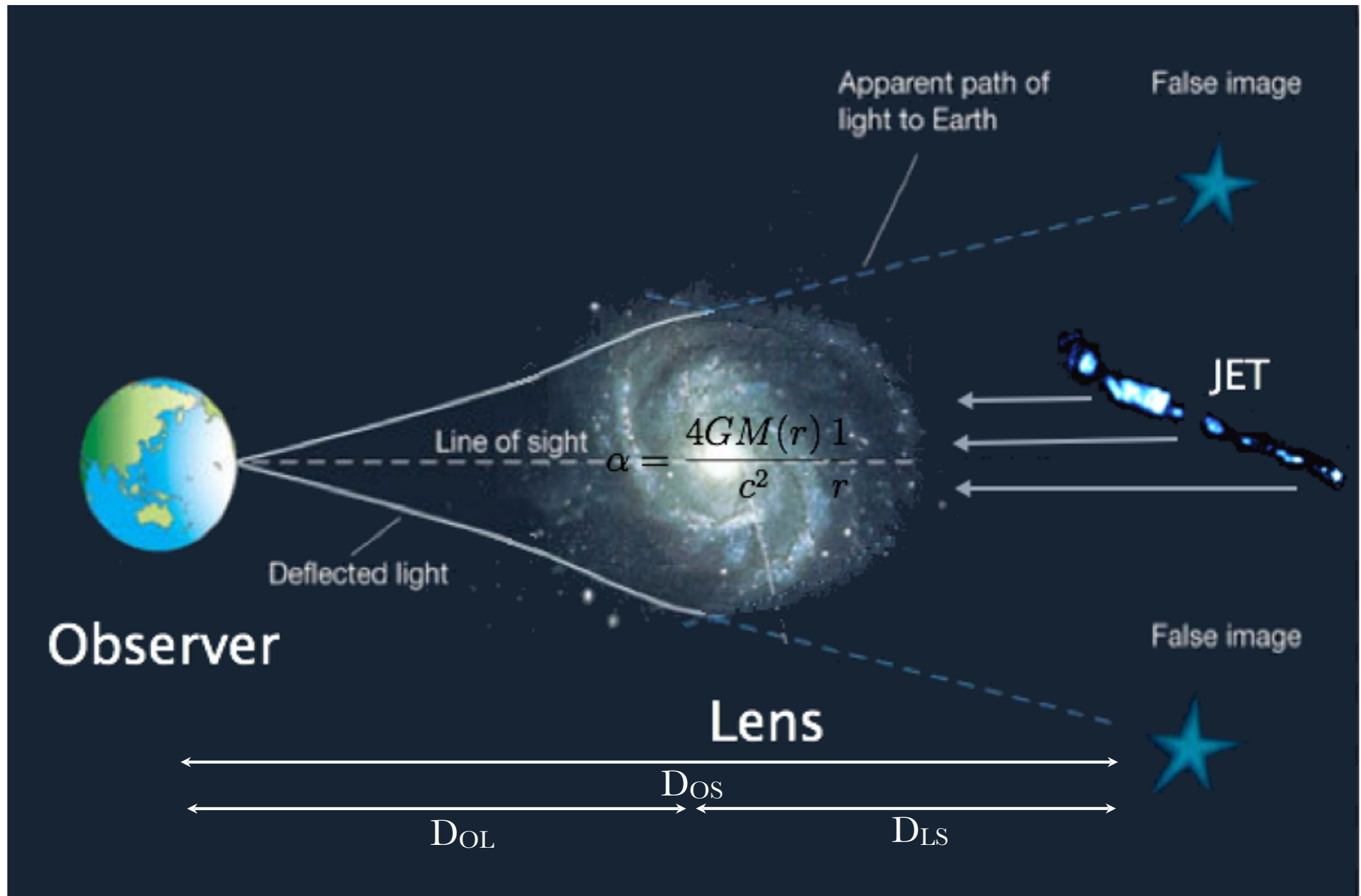
The first four rows of the table of **384 VLBI/Gaia** matches with statistically significant offsets: probability of false association (PFA) less than 0.0002 and the random noise probability (RNP) less than 0.01. The fifth column contains the normalized arc lengths, and two last columns contain positions of *Gaia* minus VLBI over right ascensions, including $\cos \delta$ factor and declination.

| VLBI ID | <i>Gaia</i> ID | PFA | RNP | q | da (mas) |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------|---------------|
| RFC J0000-3221 | <i>Gaia</i> 2314315845817748992 | 4.47×10^{-8} | 2.47×10^{-22} | 20.78 | -6.51 |
| RFC J0004-0802 | <i>Gaia</i> 2441584492826114432 | 3.58×10^{-6} | 4.14×10^{-03} | 4.73 | -21.39 |
| RFC J0005+3820 | <i>Gaia</i> 2880735411259458048 | 1.98×10^{-7} | 5.03×10^{-08} | 10.80 | 5.77 |
| RFC J0008-2339 | <i>Gaia</i> 2337107759788510464 | 2.01×10^{-8} | 5.84×10^{-06} | 8.84 | 1.17 |
| ... | | | | | |

CAUSTIC OF ELLIPTICAL LENSES

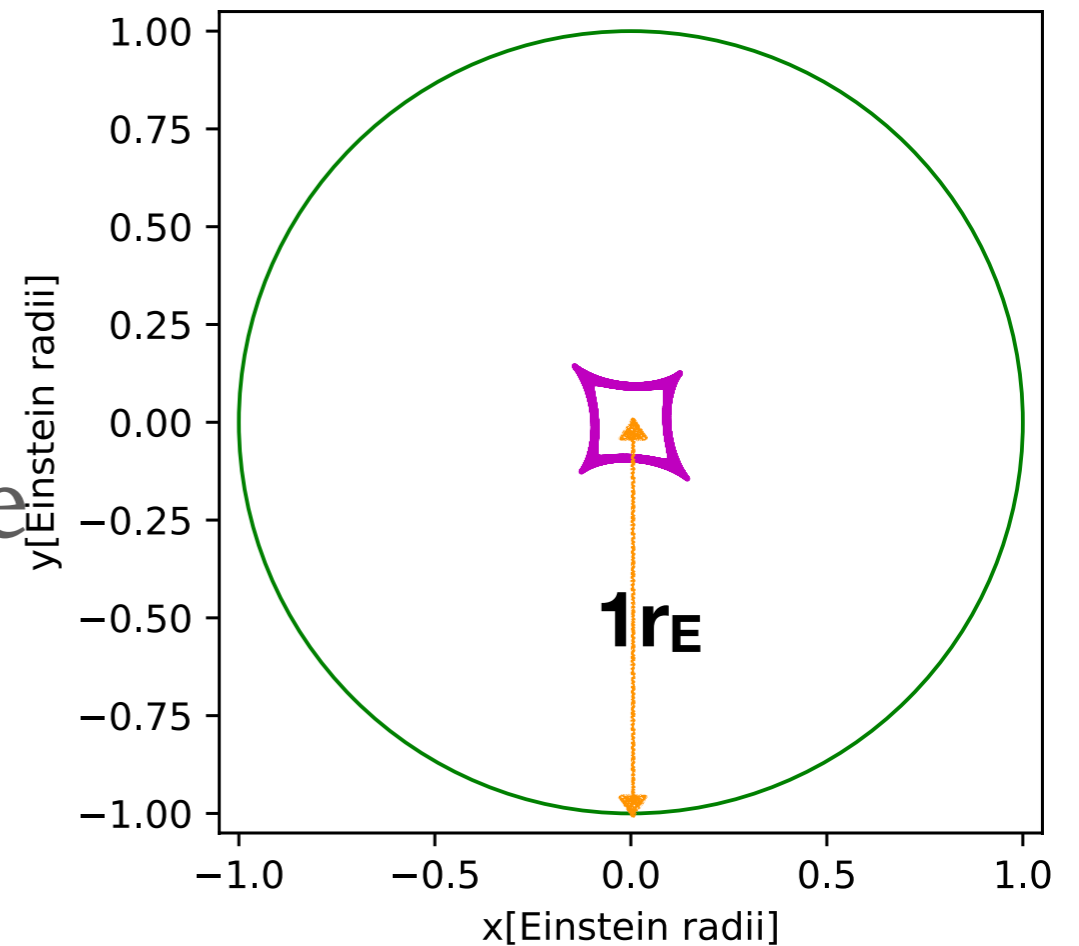


M87 Gravitationally Lensed?



PROBABILITY OF CAUSTIC CONFIGURATION

- Elliptical lens $e=0.2$
 - lens $z=0.5$, source $z=2$
- Caustic Length $\sim 2.1 r_E$
 - Probability that a source will be with $2\% r_E$ from the Caustic is $\sim 1\%$
- Magnification bias
 - Magnification close to the caustic > 50
 - Probability $> 8\%$



SOURCE CLOSE TO THE CAUSTIC OF THE LENSING GALAXY

