

URL: <u>http://cxc.harvard.edu/ciao3.4/dictionary/pileup.html</u> Last modified: 15 December 2008

Pileup

Pileup is a phenomenon that is inherent to CCD detectors, such as those that comprise the <u>ACIS</u> instrument on-board Chandra, which "under-sample" the mirror <u>point spread function</u>. Simply put, it occurs whenever two or more photons are detected as a single event, and thus it represents a loss of information from these events. This also causes a distortion of the energy spectrum since the apparent energy is approximately the sum of two (or more) energies.

The most complete resource on pileup in Chandra data is the <u>Chandra ABC Guide to Pileup</u>. Portions of the manual are also available as <u>Why Topics</u>.

Technical details are available in the paper "Event Pileup in Charge Coupled Devices" by J. E. Davis (2001, ApJ, 562, 575).

For help with pileup analysis, see the <u>Fitting Spectral Data: Using A Pileup Model thread</u>, which shows how to use the <u>jdpileup</u> model in *Sherpa* to fit data that is piled. There is also a CXC webpage comparing the <u>Pileup correction in ISIS</u>, Sherpa, and XSPEC.

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