

SpectralFitting.jl – A Julia Package For Spectroscopy

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What is Julia?

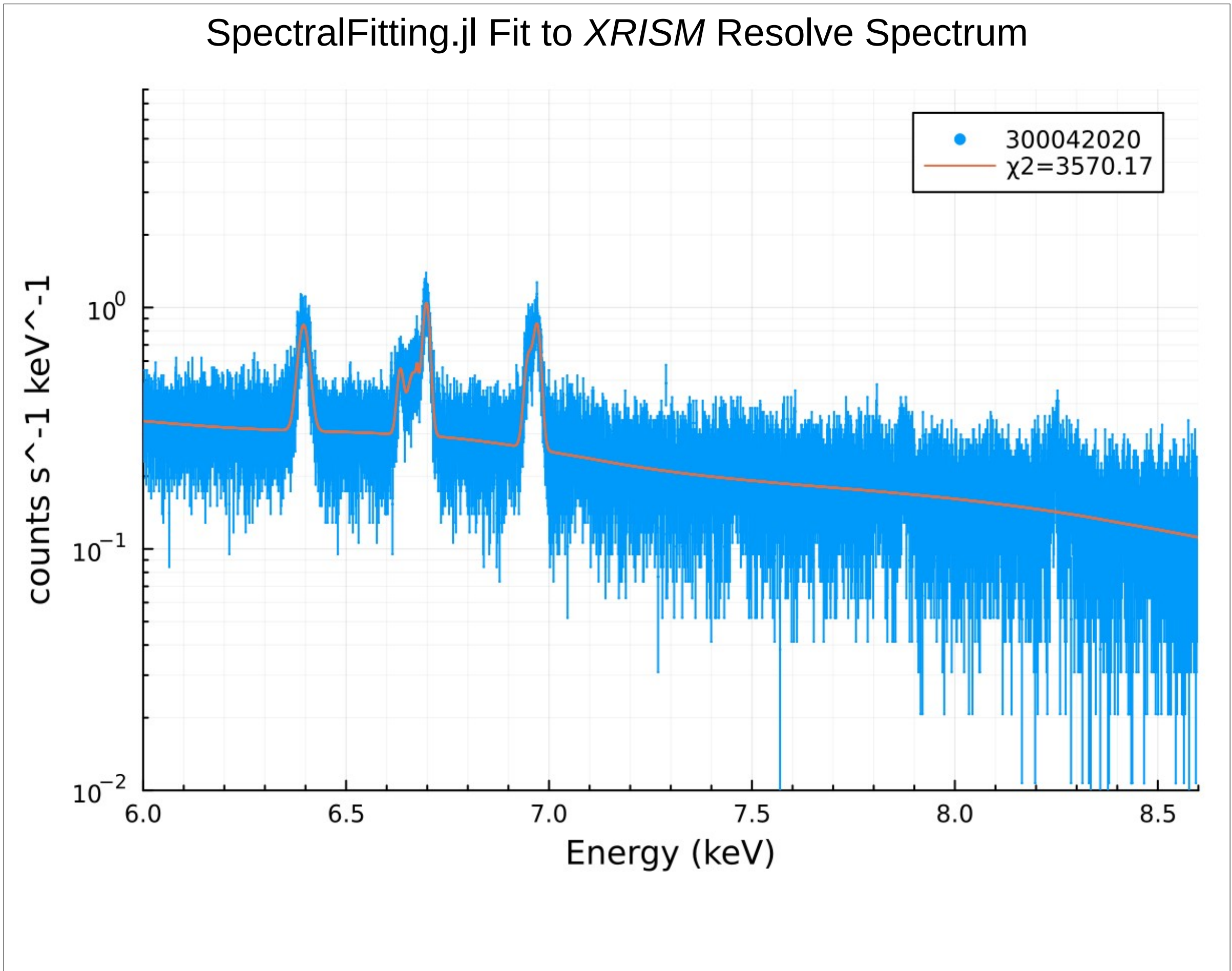
- a programming language¹
- released in stable version (1.0) in 2018²;
- built over the prior decade at MIT by a group dis-satisfied with the available languages;
- multi-paradigm: combines functional, imperative, and object-oriented approaches;
- some attributes: multiple dispatch, inherently parallel, high-level yet as fast as C, no ‘two language’ problem (implemented via a LLVM = Low-Level Virtual Machine);
- number abstraction: propagate uncertainties of all measurements and units seamlessly

- current version: 1.11 (1.12 likely out spring 2025)
- purpose of poster: introduce Julia to astrophysical data analyses!

What is SpectralFitting.jl?

- a spectral fitting package⁴ developed by F. Baker and A. Young at University of Bristol; first ‘released’ in 2023;
- ultimate intent: unify spectral fitting capabilities at *all* wavelengths + include radiative transfer and geometric models as options;
- currently outperforms XSPEC by ~3x on a single thread³;
- multiple optimization routines via different packages: e.g., LsqFit.jl (least squares, Levenberg-Marquadt, etc.); optimization.jl (Nelder-Mead, BFGS, etc.); Turing.jl (MCMC, other Bayesian approaches).

- Current status: SpectralFitting.jl works with most X-ray spectra including *XRISM* data⁵.
- Package does *not* work (as yet) with *Chandra* grating data *as packaged* by the CIAO software (i.e., the ‘pha2’ file is the roadblock)⁵ – but a relatively ‘easy’ fix.
- Must also extend support for additional data formats; currently limited to HEASARC’s OGIP format.
- Many models are wrapped XSPEC routines – these will be re-written using Julia in the ‘near’ future.



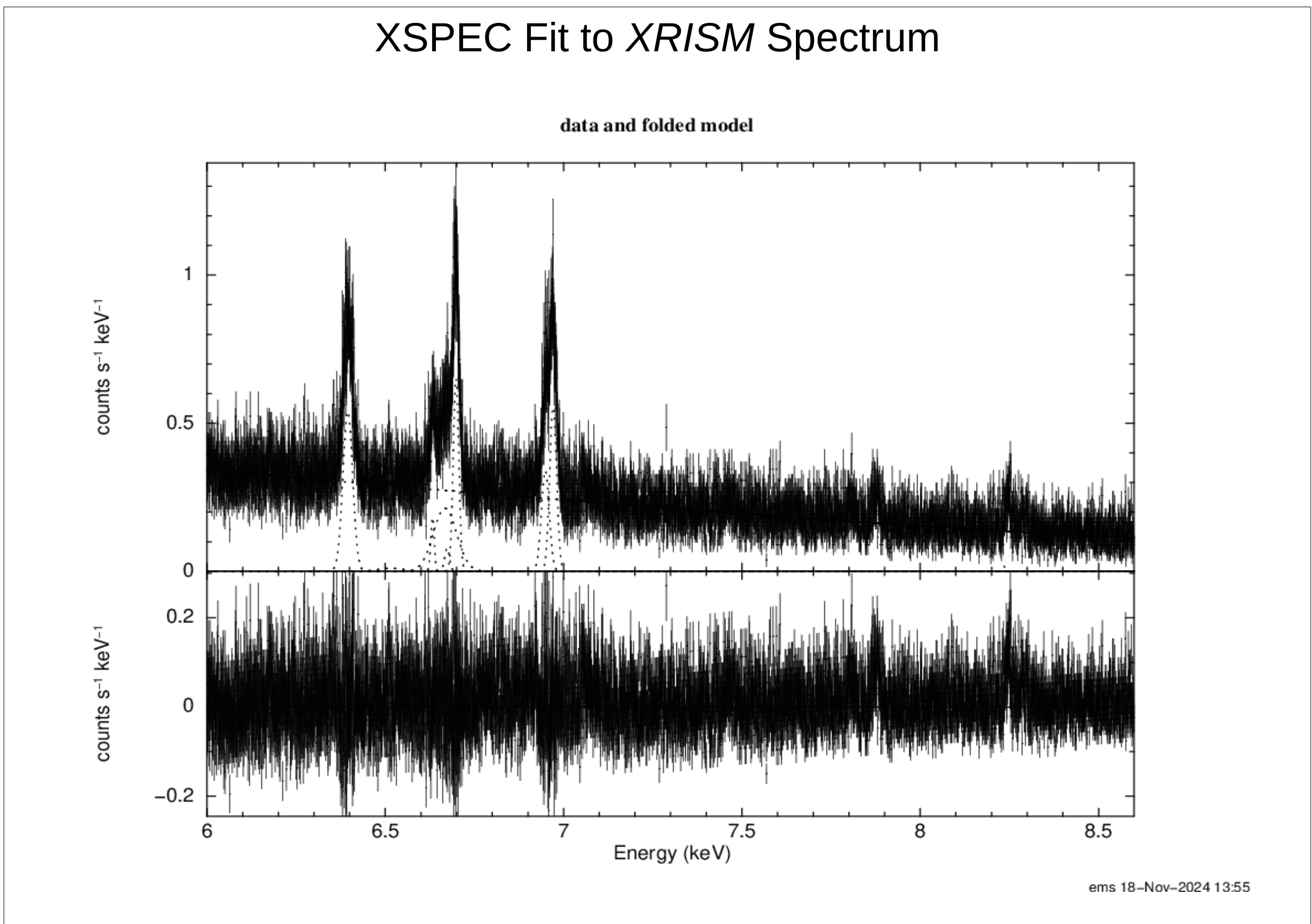
Fit Parameters

- Spectrum fit with power law continuum + nine Gaussians: SpectralFitting.jl

Line	Position (keV)	Line Flux	Line width (keV)
G1	6.3955	1.0206e-4	0.013238
G2	6.5101	1.3797e-6	0.000065
G3	6.6334 z	2.7139e-5	0.007577
G4	6.6661 y	4.8397e-5	0.013904
G5	6.6751 x	2.8204e-6	0.001693
G6	6.6981 w	9.0099e-5	0.008358
G7	6.9491 Lyα2	4.9580e-5	0.009448
G8	6.9711 Lyα1	7.5770e-5	0.008899
G9*	8.1046 Lyβ	2.3363e-4	0.51003

* see note 2 below at ‘Experience Results’

G1 = Kα (Fe I to ~Fe XVII)
G3, G4, G5, G6 = Fe XXV;
G7,G8 = Fe XXVI



Fit Parameters

- Spectrum fit with power law continuum + nine Gaussians: XSPEC

Line	Position (keV)	Line Flux	Line width (keV)
G1	6.3947	1.0405e-4	0.013483
G2	6.5162	4.9836e-6	0.034869
G3	6.6323 z	1.2395e-5	0.004296
G4	6.6673 y	9.8626e-5	0.032364
G5	6.6733 x	7.6998e-6	0.006544
G6	6.6982 w	7.2320e-5	0.007488
G7	6.9487 Lyα2	5.3937e-5	0.010703
G8	6.9706 Lyα1	7.7517e-5	0.009358
G9*	8.2350 Lyβ	7.0339e-7	0.000410

* = see note 2 below at ‘Experience Results’

Experience Results

1. SpectralFitting.jl fit the spectrum in ~30-35 sec (timed by watch, not system clock); XSPEC, in about 2 minutes. While time is important, the one noteworthy item: both models started with the same initial guesses. SpectralFitting.jl was *not* further constrained while XSPEC was: line position and width were initially frozen, then the spectrum was fit, else the code went ‘off the ranch’. The ‘2 minutes’ did *not* count that initial fit but only the fit once constraints were removed. The cause of the speed difference? Very likely, because SpectralFitting.jl uses automatic differentiation⁶.

2. G9: the differences here demonstrate that the Lyβ line likely does not exist. The XSPEC ‘fit’ occurs only because of the constraints on line center; the SpectralFitting fit shows a very broad and low height ‘Gaussian’. The intent: test directly whether the line exists.

Model Definition – SpectralFitting.jl

Julia

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Ancillary Response:
. Channels      : 60000
. E (min/max)   : (0.0, 30.0)

[julia> begin
model=
    PowerLaw(a = FitParam(2.0)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.395)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.510)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.633)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.667)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.672)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.672)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.698)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.949)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(6.971)) +
    GaussianLine(μ=FitParam(8.210))
model.σ 1.value = 1.0e-2
model.σ 2.value = 1.01e-2
model.σ 3.value = 1.02e-2
model.σ 4.value = 1.03e-2
model.σ 5.value = 1.04e-2
model.σ 6.value = 1.05e-2
model.σ 7.value = 1.06e-2
model.σ 8.value = 1.07e-2
model.σ 9.value = 1.08e-2
end
0.0108

[julia> domain = collect(range(6.00,8.60,1000))
1000-element Vector{Float64}:
 6.0
```

Model Definition – XSPEC

Terminal

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
=====
Model powerlaw<1> + gaussian<2> + gaussian<3> + gaussian<4> + gaussian<5> + gaussian<6> + gaussian<7> + gaussian<8> + gaussian<9> Source No.
: 1 Active/On
Model Model Component Parameter Unit Value
par comp
1 1 powerlaw PhoIndex 1.00000 +/- 0.0
2 1 powerlaw norm 1.00000 +/- 0.0
3 2 gaussian LineE keV 6.39500 +/- 0.0
4 2 gaussian Sigma keV 2.00000E-03 +/- 0.0
5 2 gaussian norm 1.00000E-06 +/- 0.0
6 3 gaussian LineE keV 6.51000 +/- 0.0
7 3 gaussian Sigma keV 2.10000E-03 +/- 0.0
8 3 gaussian norm 1.01000E-06 +/- 0.0
9 4 gaussian LineE keV 6.63300 +/- 0.0
10 4 gaussian Sigma keV 2.20000E-03 +/- 0.0
11 4 gaussian norm 1.02000E-06 +/- 0.0
12 5 gaussian LineE keV 6.66700 +/- 0.0
13 5 gaussian Sigma keV 2.30000E-03 +/- 0.0
14 5 gaussian norm 1.03000E-06 +/- 0.0
15 6 gaussian LineE keV 6.67200 +/- 0.0
16 6 gaussian Sigma keV 2.40000E-03 +/- 0.0
17 6 gaussian norm 1.04000E-06 +/- 0.0
18 7 gaussian LineE keV 6.69800 +/- 0.0
19 7 gaussian Sigma keV 2.50000E-03 +/- 0.0
20 7 gaussian norm 1.05000E-06 +/- 0.0
21 8 gaussian LineE keV 6.94900 +/- 0.0
22 8 gaussian Sigma keV 2.60000E-03 +/- 0.0
23 8 gaussian norm 1.06000E-06 +/- 0.0
24 9 gaussian LineE keV 6.97100 +/- 0.0
25 9 gaussian Sigma keV 2.70000E-03 +/- 0.0
26 9 gaussian norm 1.07000E-06 +/- 0.0
```

References and Pointers

1. <https://julialang.com>

4. Baker et al. 2024, ADASS 2024
2. wikipedia (Julia)

5. github.com/fjebaker/SpectralFitting.jl/issues
3. SpectralFitting.jl link: github.com/fjebaker/SpectralFitting.jl

6. wikipedia(automatic differentiation)