

Observation of warm-hot intergalactic medium in OVII and OVIII absorption against diffuse extended sources with Athena and LEM



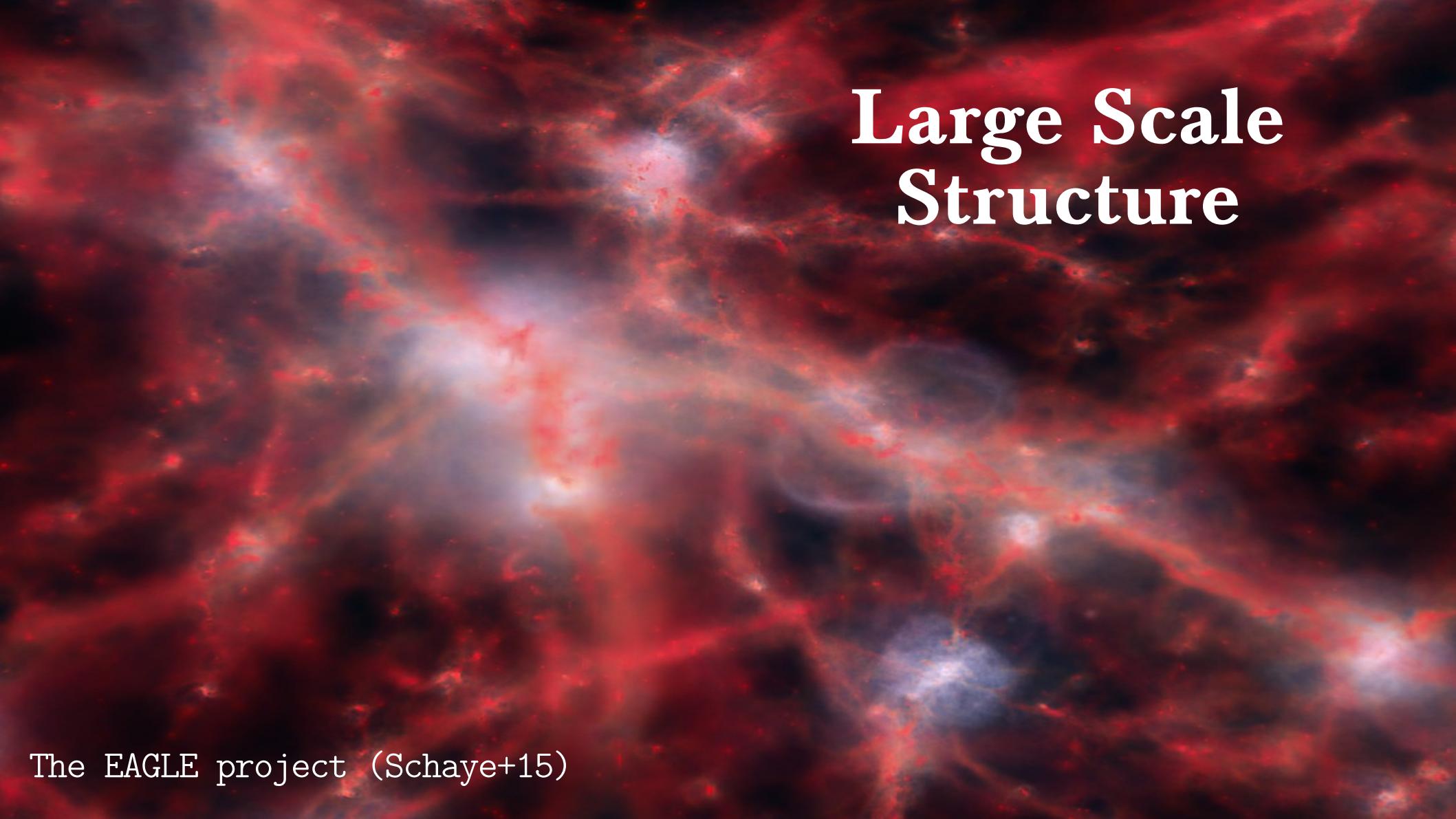
Netherlands Institute for Space Research

Lýdia Štofanová

Leiden University, SRON
L.Stofanova@sron.nl



Aurora Simionescu, Natasha Wijers, Joop Schaye, Jelle Kaastra
Yannick Bahé, & Andrés Arámburo-García

A detailed simulation of large-scale cosmic structures, likely dark matter filaments and voids, rendered in a color gradient from deep red to bright orange and yellow. The filaments are thin, wispy strands that connect dense, luminous regions, while the voids between them are larger, darker spaces.

Large Scale Structure

The EAGLE project (Schaye+15)

Large Scale Structure

Cosmic web filaments:

- diffuse low density gas
- $n_e \sim 10^{-6} - 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- $T = 10^5 - 10^7 \text{ K}$
- lower density – WHIM
- higher density – CGM

Large Scale Structure

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Observations:

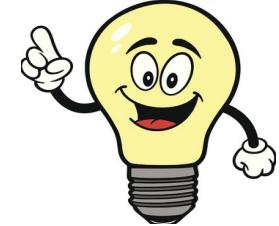
- A) emission (Wang & McCray 1993, Kaastra+2003, Werner+2008, Eckert+2015, Akamatsu+2017, Reiprich+2021)
- B) absorption

X-ray absorption studies

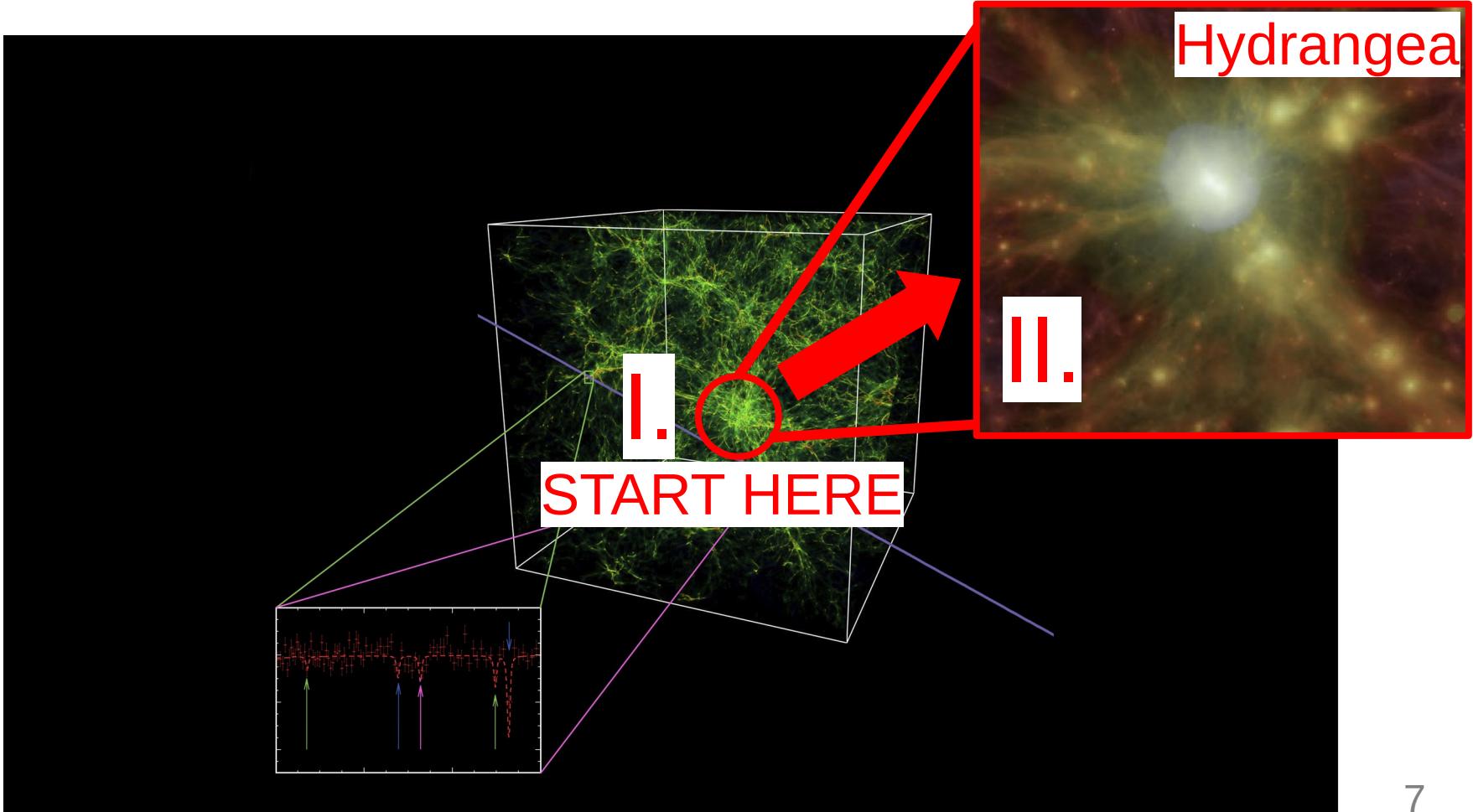
- point-like sources (blazars, quasars)
 - review by Nicastro, Fang & Mathur 2022

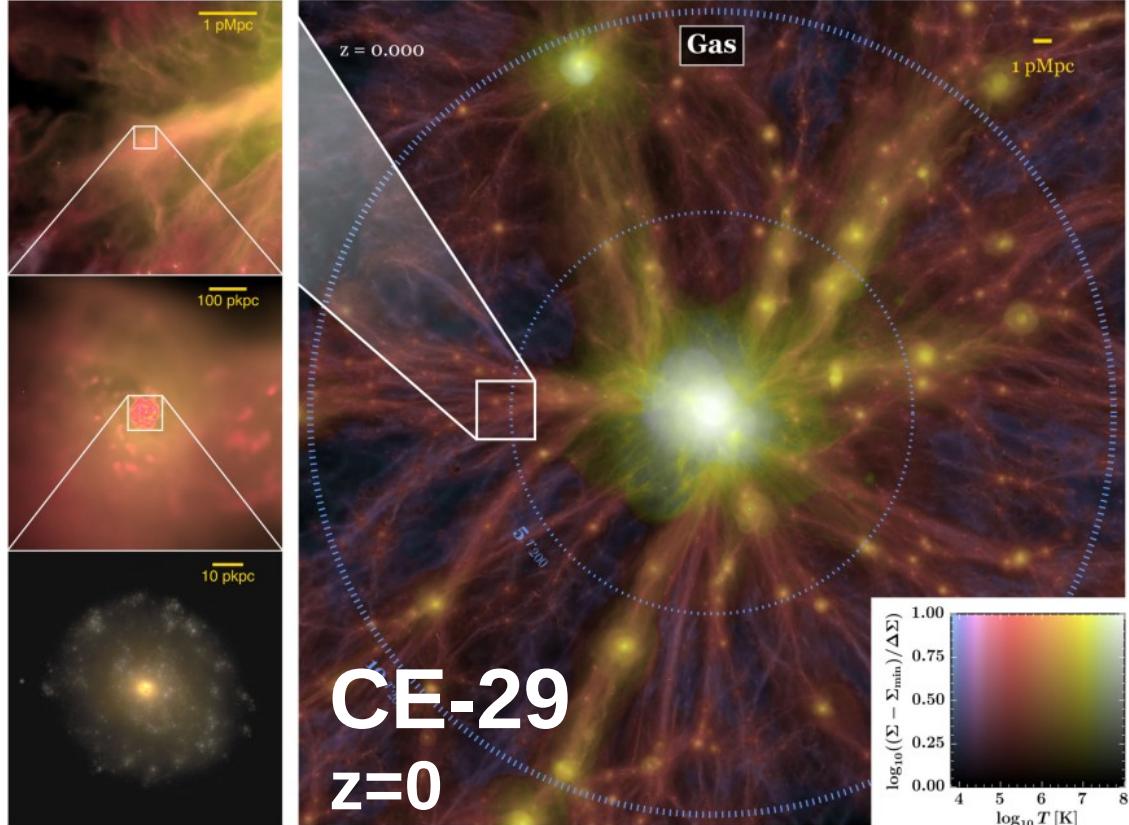
X-ray absorption studies

- point-like sources (blazars, quasars)
 - review by Nicastro, Fang & Mathur 2022
- extended bright sources (galaxy cluster cores)
 - Markevitch et al. 1999, 2009
 - Simionescu et al 2021 (Voyage 2050)



X-ray absorption studies





Schaye+15, Bahé+2017

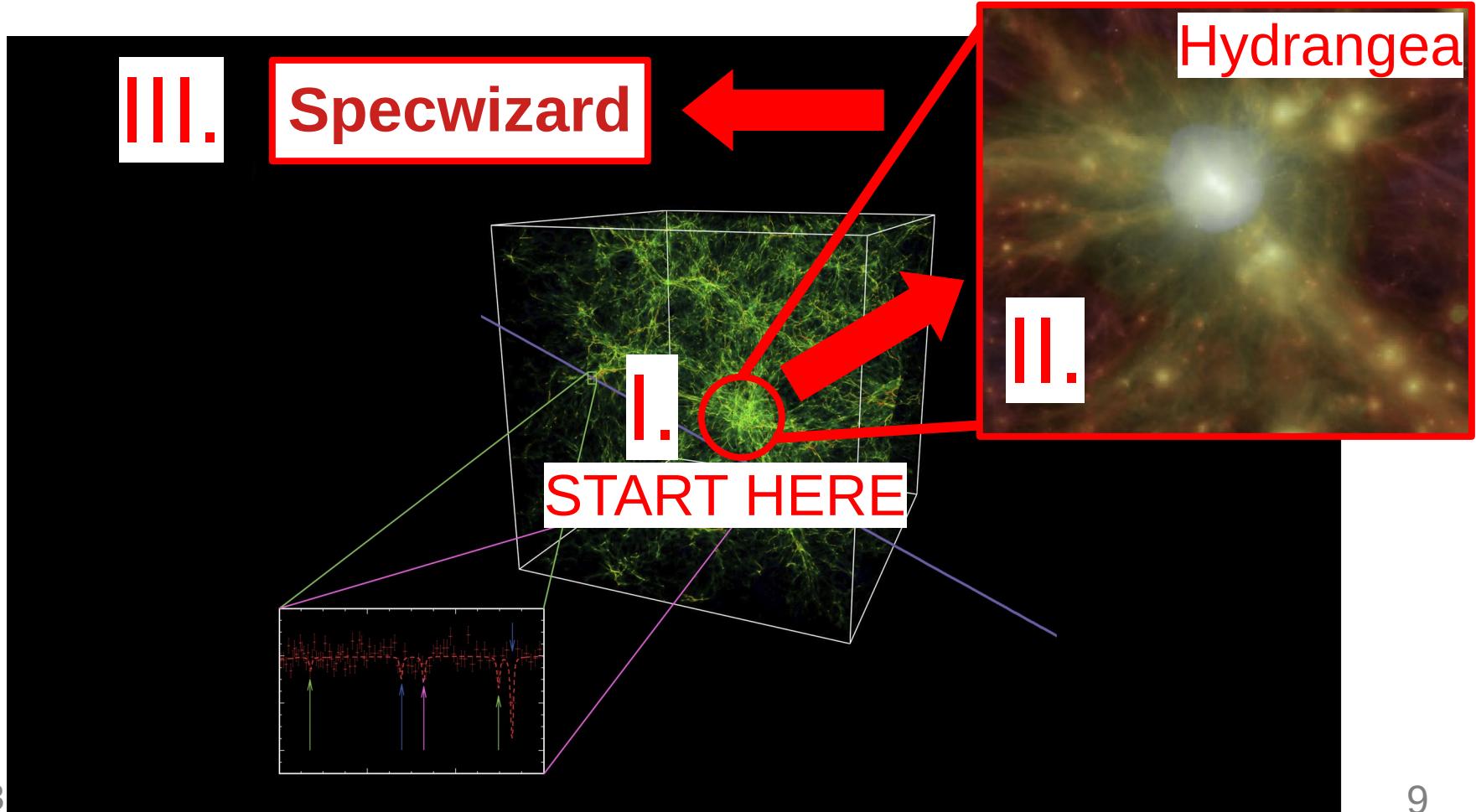
Hydrangea cosmological hydrodynamical simulations:

- zoom-in (EAGLE)
- 30 candidates
- simulated up to $10 r_{200c}$
- $M_{200c} = 10^{14-15.4} M_{\text{solar}}$

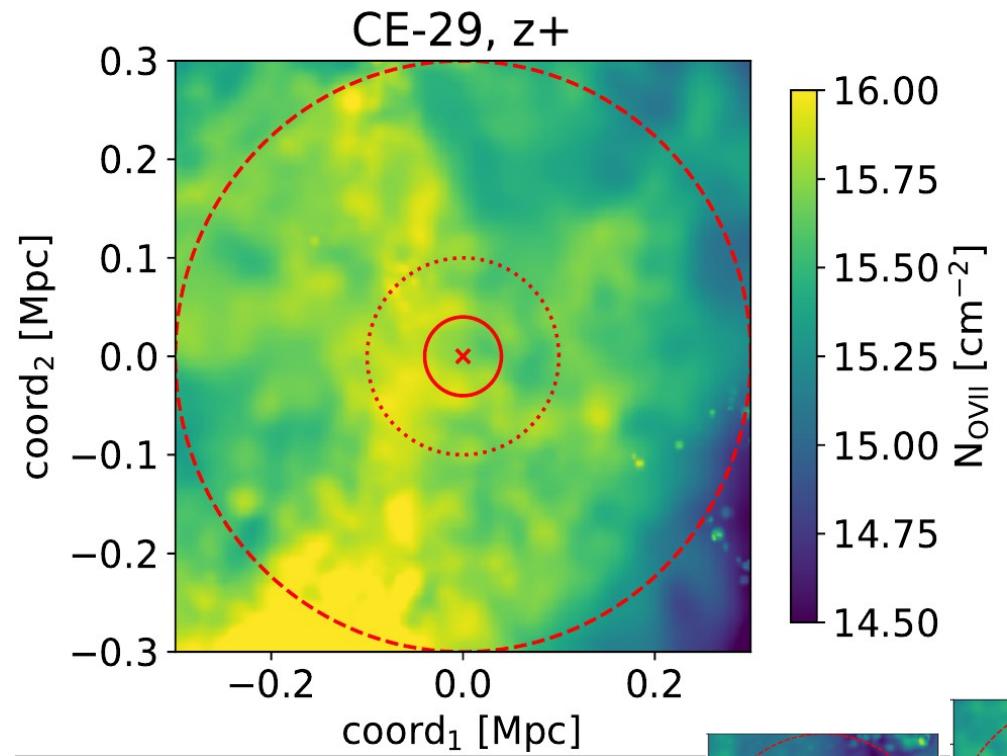
- color bar:
gas surface density vs.
gas temperature



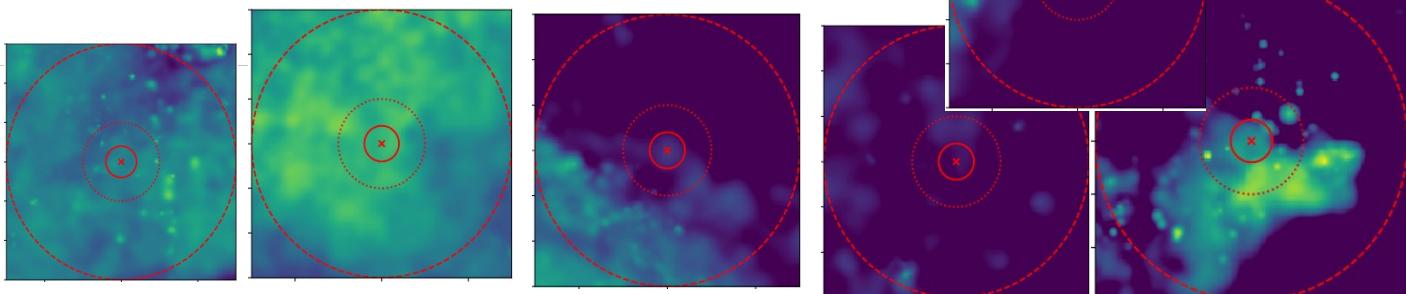
X-ray absorption studies



O_{VII} column density maps

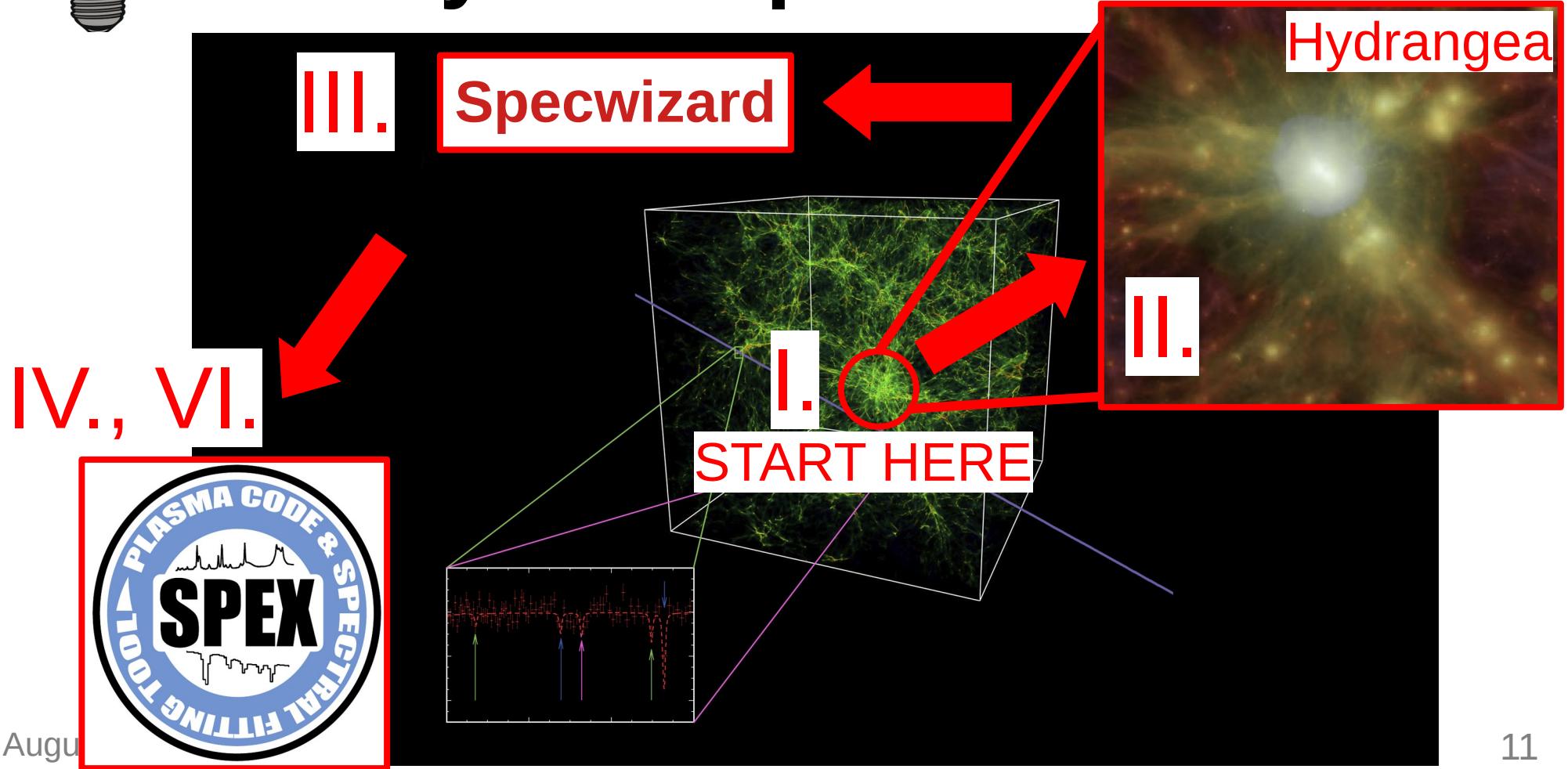


136 → 16



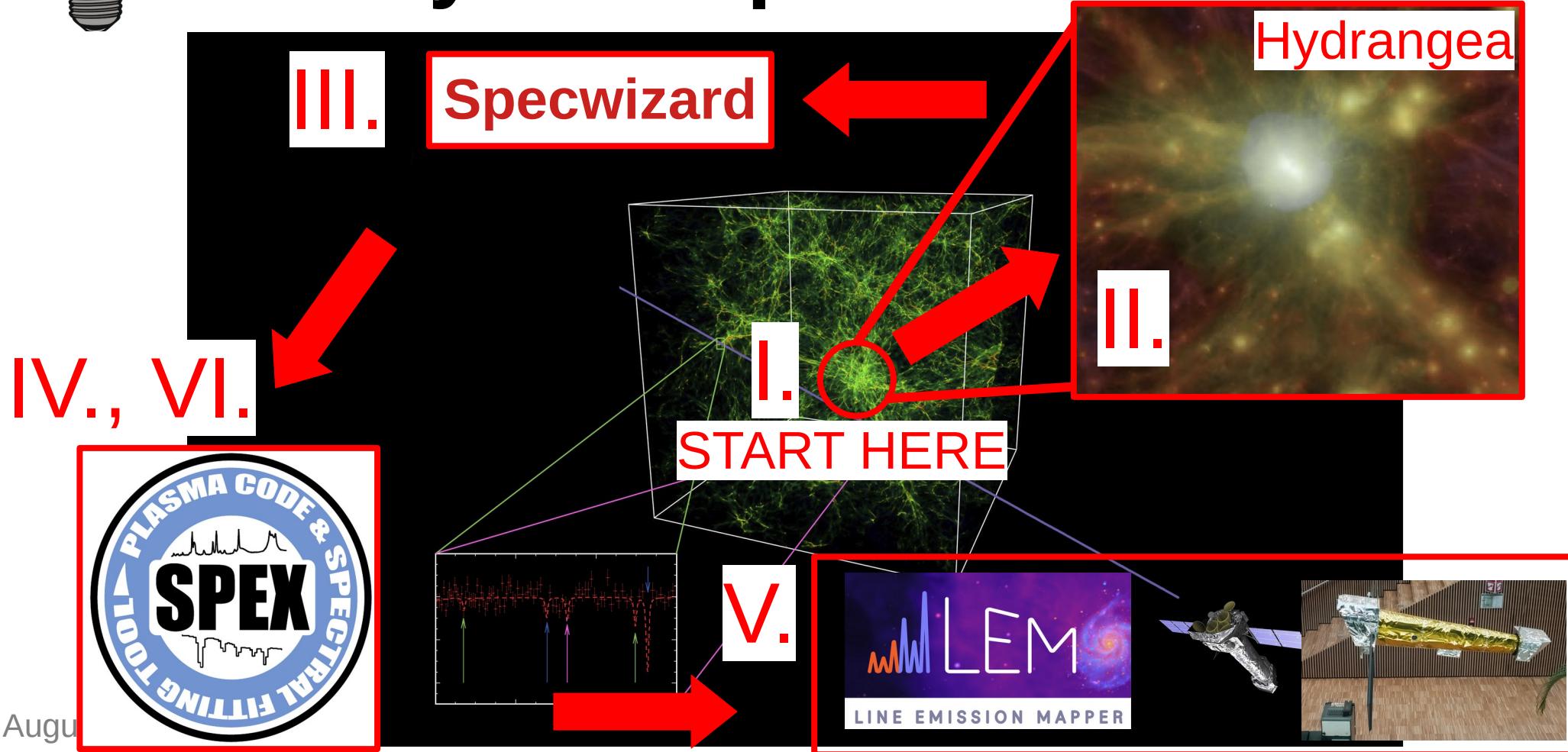


X-ray absorption studies





X-ray absorption studies





Athena & LEM micro-calorimeters

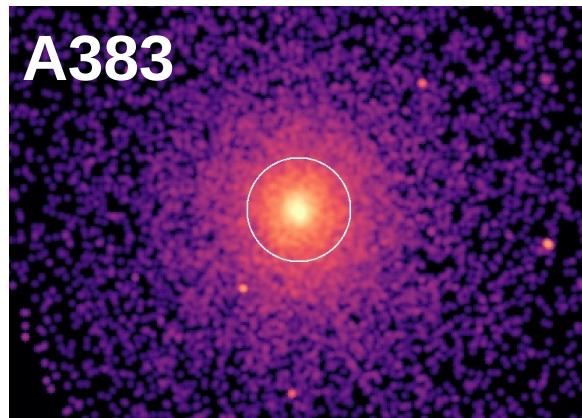


	Energy band [keV]	Angular resolution [arcsec]	Spectral resolution @ 0.5 keV [eV]	Effective area @ 0.5 keV [cm ²]	FoV [arcmin ²]	Grasp @ 0.5 keV
Athena X-IFU	0.2 – 12	5	2.5 (4)	5900	5 (4) x 5 (4)	0.12
LEM IFU	0.2 – 2	15	0.9 - 2	1500	30 x 30	1.3

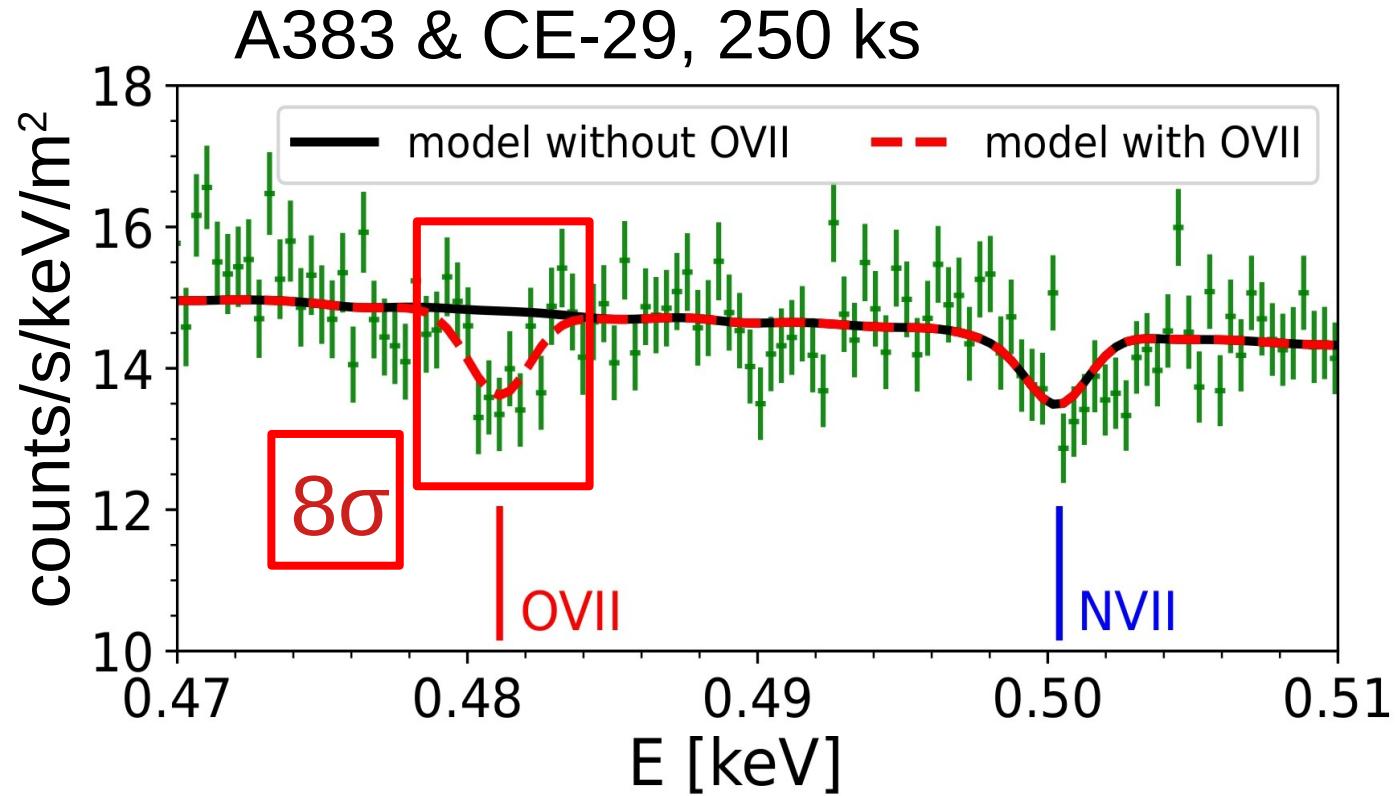
Grasp [10^6 arcmin² cm²] = effective area * FoV

Athena X-IFU

5 σ in ~100 ks

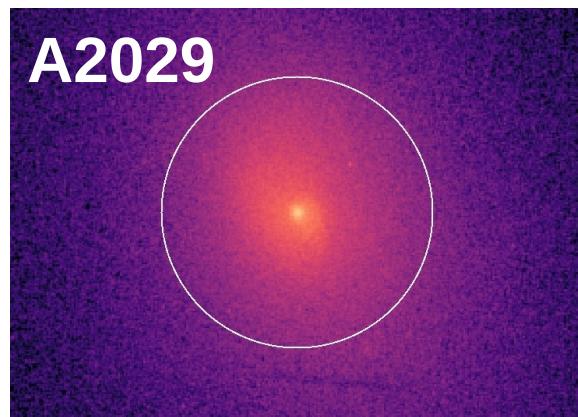


A383
Chandra (ID 2321)

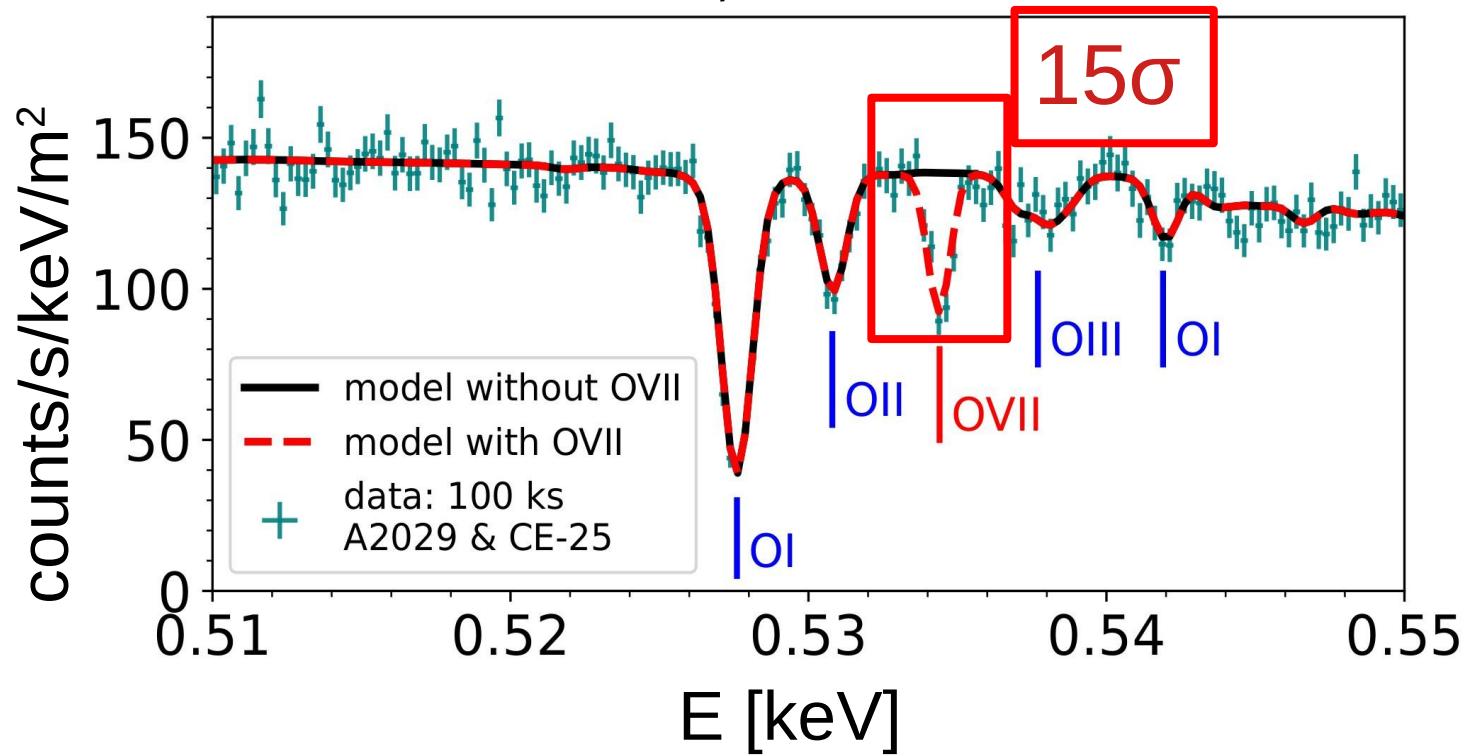


LEM

5 σ in ~12 ks



A2029 & CE-25, 100 ks



Conclusions

OVII

possible with Athena & LEM towards multiple galaxy clusters, as e.g. A2390, A383, A1413, A2029, A262

OVIII

Stay tuned for **Štofanová et al.** (almost submitted) or catch me at a coffee break ;)

BUT depending on properties of absorbers and the galaxy cluster redshift – possible contamination by Milky way!