

*AHELP for CIAO 3.4*

__pop_args

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Synopsis

Remove n function arguments from the stack

Syntax

```
variable args = __pop_args(Integer_Type n);
```

Description

This function together with the companion function `__push_args` is useful for passing the arguments of a function to another function. `__pop_args` returns an array of n structures with a single structure field called `value`, which represents the value of the argument.

Example

Consider the following print function. It prints all its arguments to stdout separated by spaces:

```
define print ()
{
    variable i;
    variable args = __pop_args (_NARGS);

    for (i = 0; i < _NARGS; i++)
    {
        () = fputs (string (args[i].value), stdout);
        () = fputs (" ", stdout);
    }
    () = fputs ("\n", stdout);
    () = fflush (stdout);
}
```

Now consider the problem of defining a function called ones that returns a multi-dimensional array with all the elements set to 1. For example, `ones(10)` should return a 1-d array of ones, whereas `ones(10,20)` should return a 10x20 array.

```
define ones ()
{
    !if (_NARGS) return 1;
    variable a;
```

```
a = __pop_args (_NARGS);
return @Array_Type (Integer_Type, [__push_args (a)]) + 1;
}
```

Here, __push_args was used to push on the arguments passed to the ones function onto the stack to be used when dereferencing Array_Type.

See Also

slangrtl

[class id](#), [class type](#), [eqs](#), [get reference](#), [is initialized](#), [push args](#), [nargs](#), [pop n](#),
[stk roll](#), [typeof](#), [array info](#), [dup](#), [is defined](#), [is struct type](#), [length](#), [pop](#), [typecast](#), [typeof](#)

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URL:

http://cxc.harvard.edu/ciao3.4/_pop_args.tm.html

Last modified: December 2006