

# Optical Winds from accreting stellar-mass BLACK HOLES

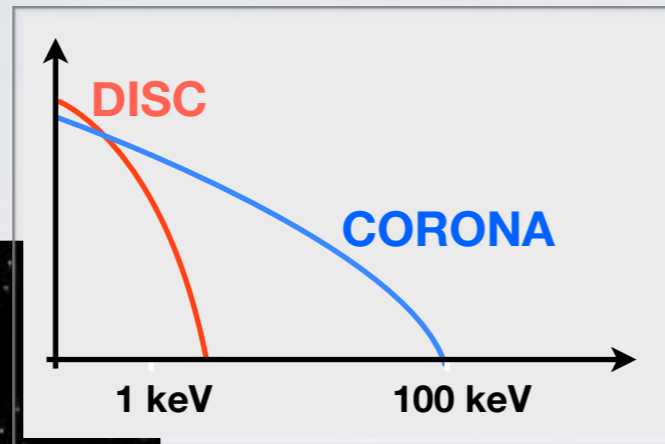


Teo Muñoz Darías  
RAMÓN Y CAJAL FELLOW @ IAC



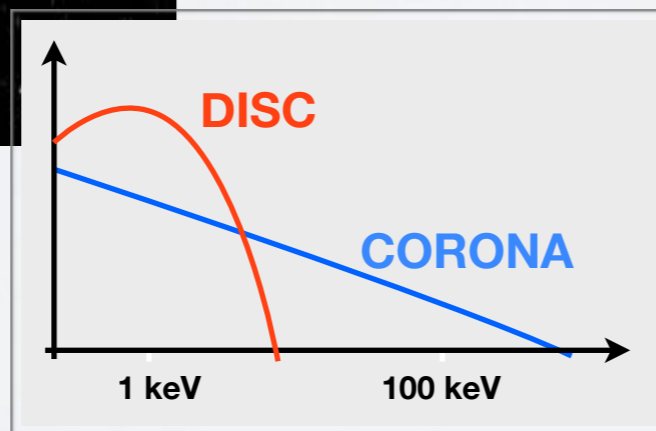
Investigación  
Programa  
Ramón y Cajal

# DISTINCTIVE **ACCRETION/OUTFLOW** PROPERTIES



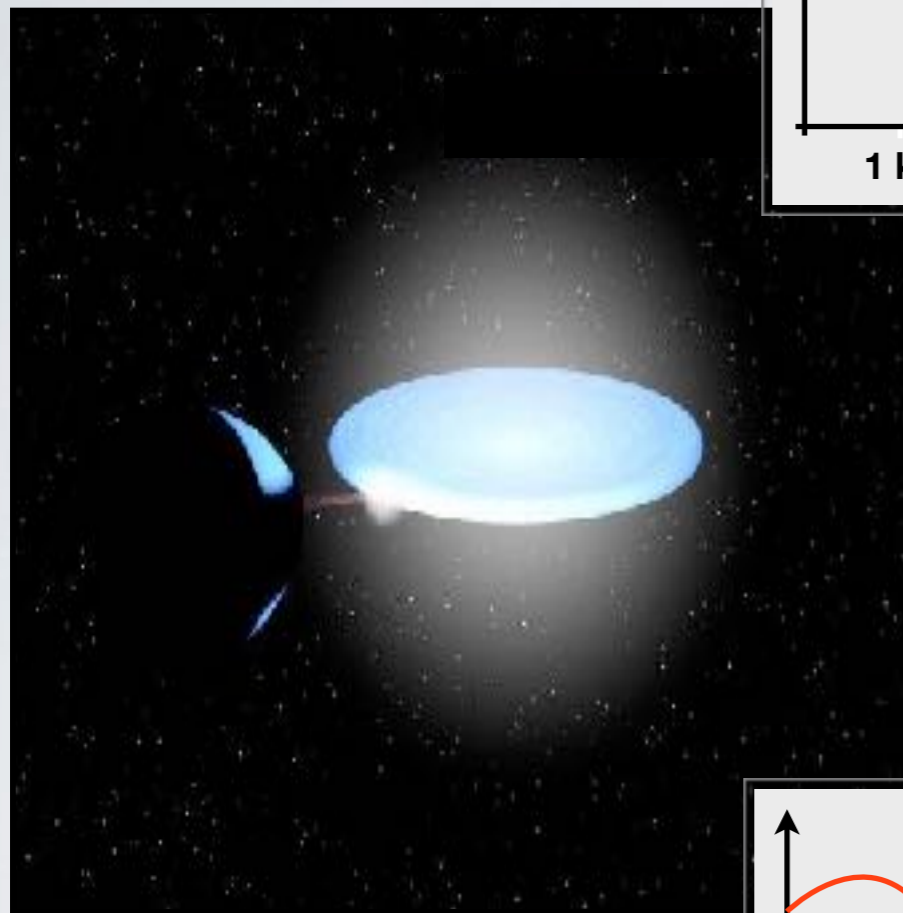
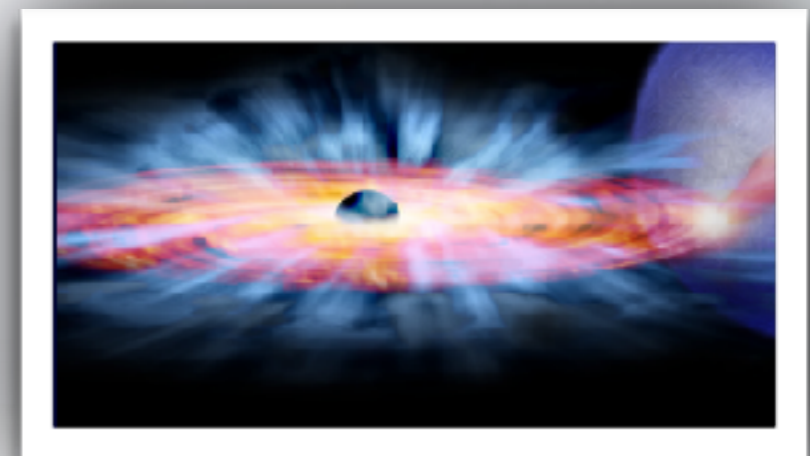
## (Hard state) Radio Jets

Fender+, Corbel+, Gallo+



## (Soft state) X-ray Winds

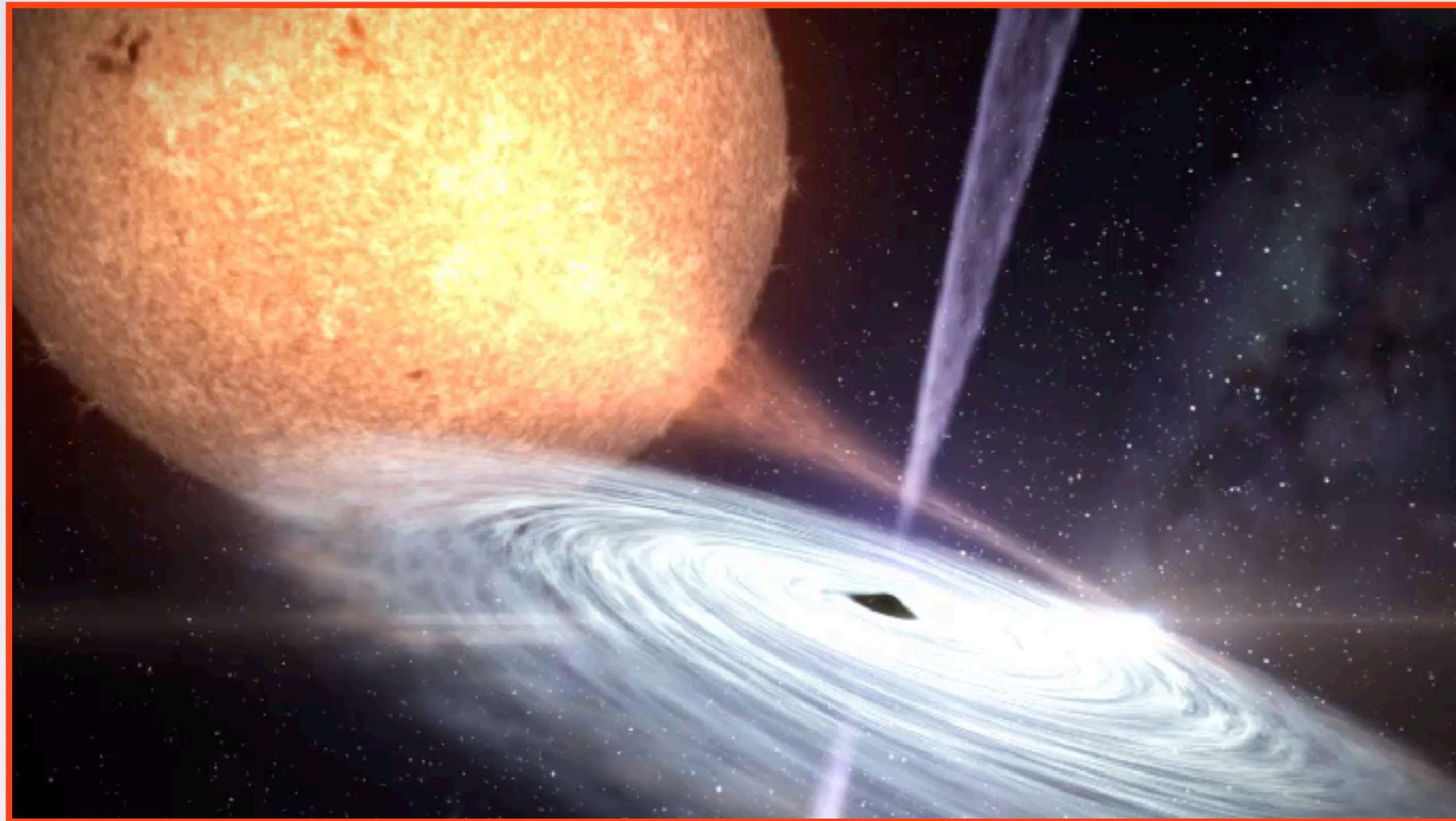
Neilsen+, Miller+, Ponti+, Díaz Trigo+,



**Accretion/outflow processes**

Fender & Muñoz-Darias 2016 for a review

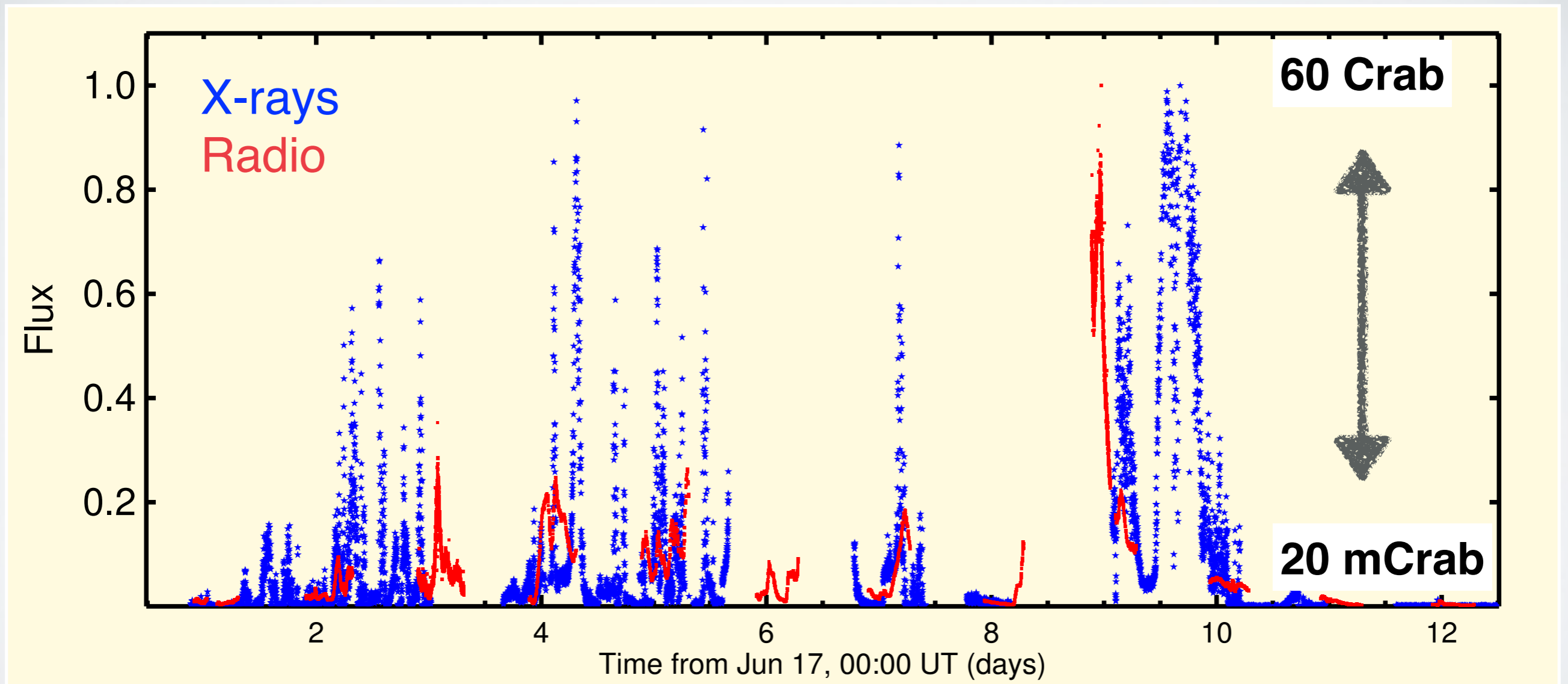
# V404 Cygni: a nearby and powerful BH transient



V404 Cyg is a  $\sim 10 M_{\odot}$  black-Hole in a 6.5 day orbital period at 2.4 kpc  
(Casares, Charles & Naylor 1992, Nature; Miller-Jones et al. 2009)

- ★ Very large accretion disc with  $R_{\text{out}} \sim 30$  light seconds ( $9 \times 10^6$  km)
- ★ In quiescence since 1989....back in outburst in June 2015

# V404 Cygni: 2015 Outburst



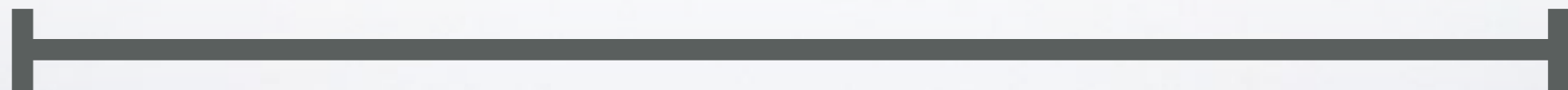
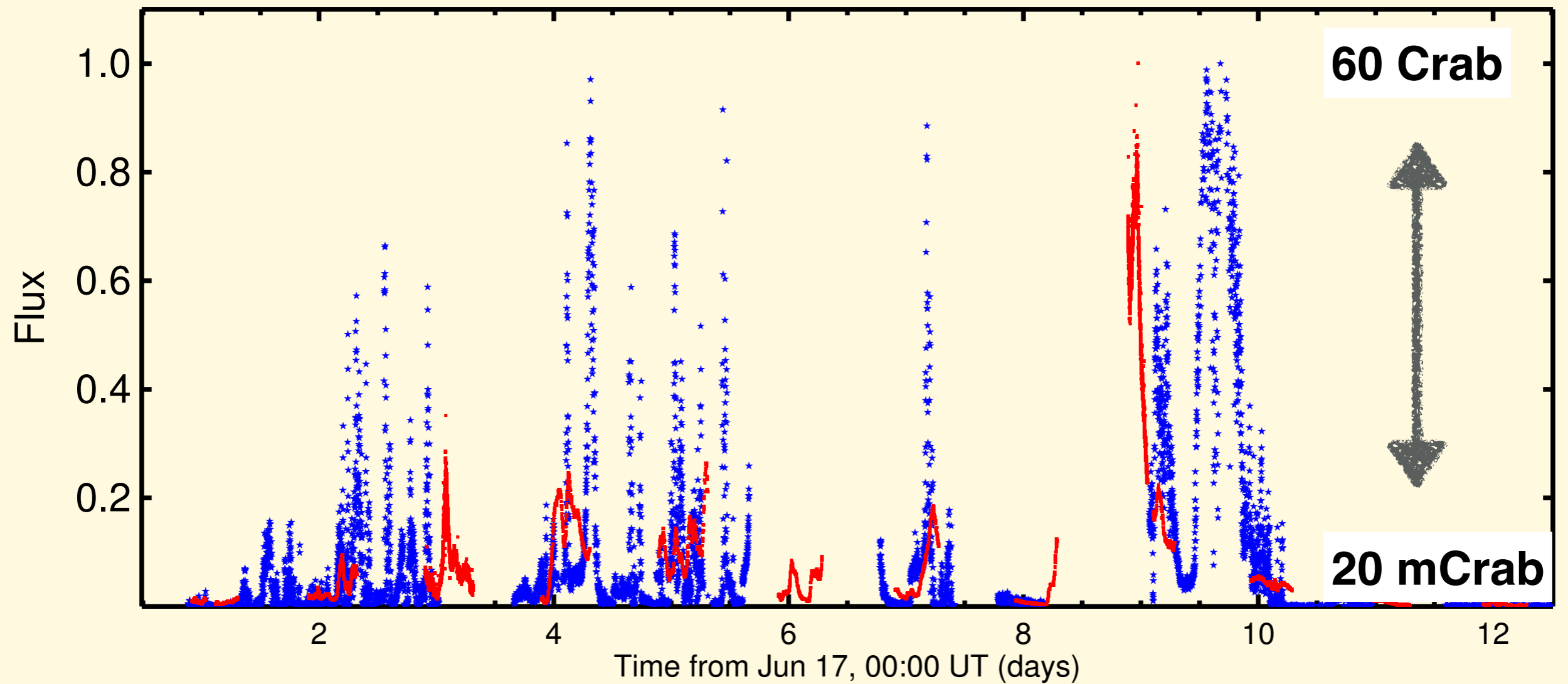
**X-rays (20-200 keV): Superb INTEGRAL coverage**

Rodríguez et al. 2015; Roques et al. 2015; Muñoz-Darias et al. 2016; Motta et al. 2017

**Radio (16 GHz): AMI (Cambridge, UK)**

Muñoz-Darias et al. 2016; Motta et al. 2017; Fender et al. in prep.

# V404 Cygni: 2015 Outburst



10 + 5 days

**BUT VERY SHORT...**

# Optical Accretion disc wind from V404 Cyg

**GTC 10.4m telescope**

LETTER

doi:10.1038/nature17446

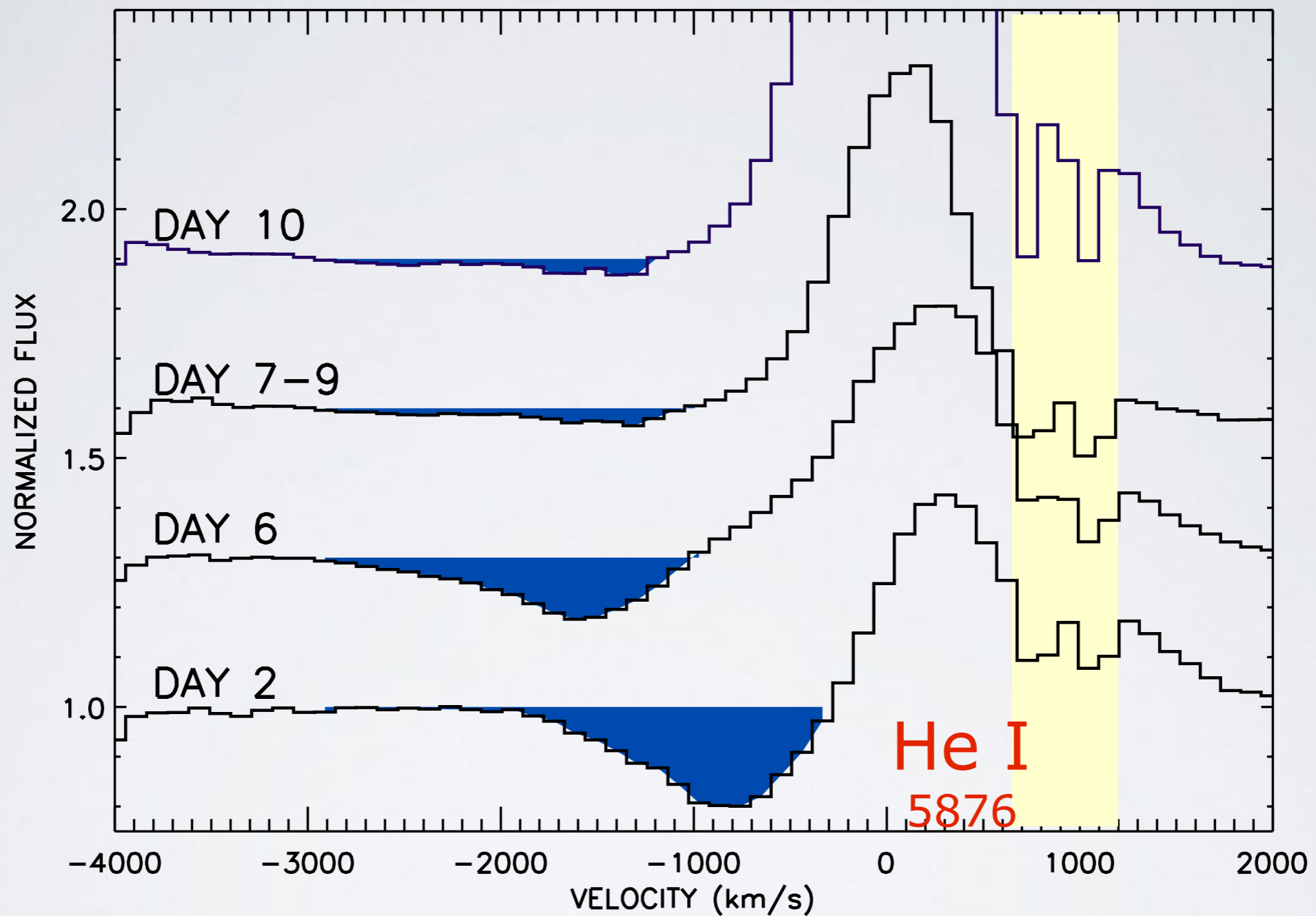
## Regulation of black-hole accretion by a disk wind during a violent outburst of V404 Cygni

T. Muñoz-Darias<sup>1,2</sup>, J. Casares<sup>1,2,3</sup>, D. Mata Sánchez<sup>1,2</sup>, R. P. Fender<sup>3</sup>, M. Armas Padilla<sup>1,2,4</sup>, M. Linares<sup>1,2,5</sup>, G. Ponti<sup>6</sup>, P. A. Charles<sup>3,7</sup>, K. P. Mooley<sup>3</sup> & J. Rodríguez<sup>8</sup>

**15 hrs of ToO + DTT with GTC+OSIRIS**  
covered the outburst with **550 spectra**  
**high S/N , high time resolution**

# P-Cyg Profiles in 12 emission lines

Muñoz-Darias et al. 2016, Nature

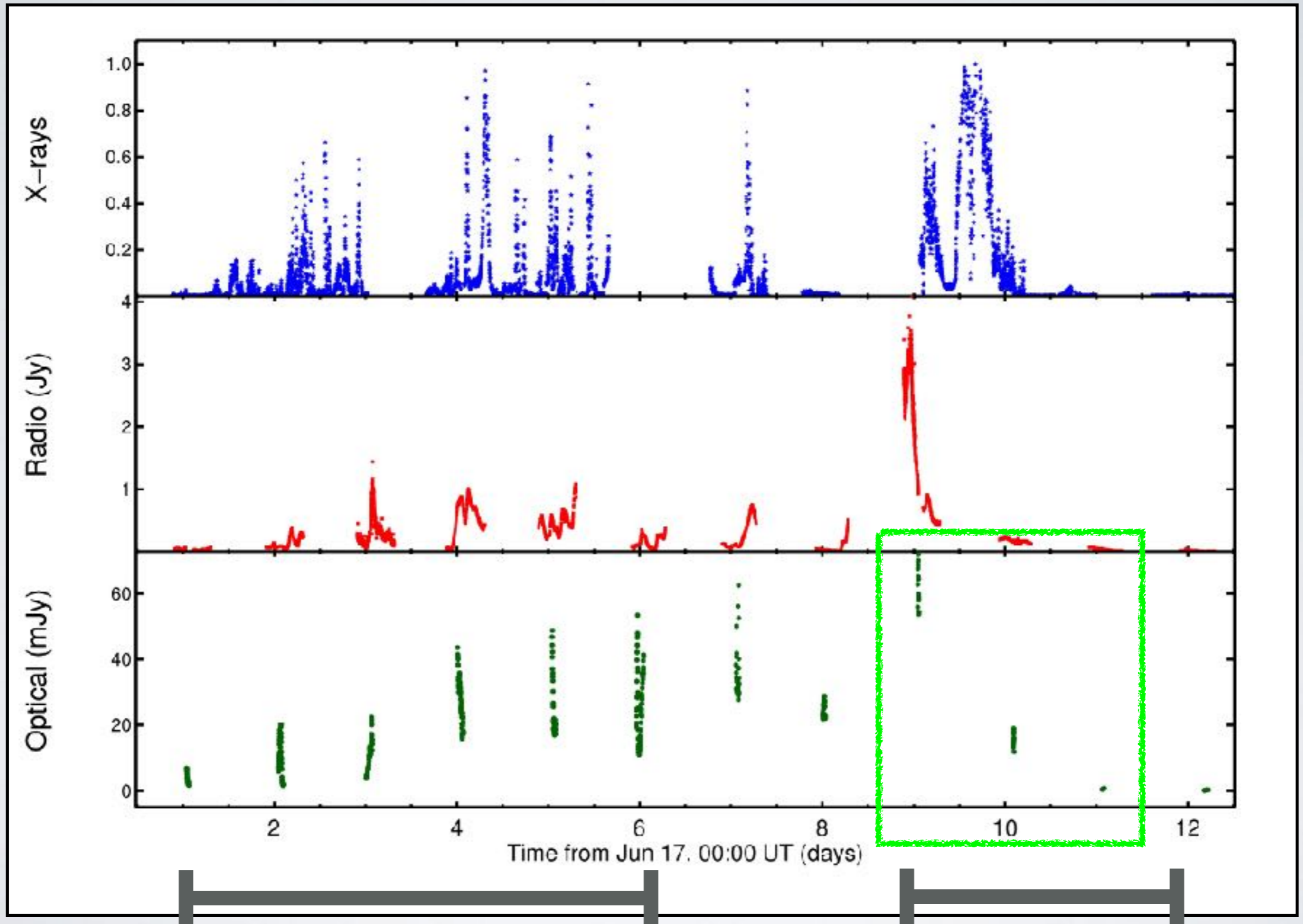


**High-velocity, optical wind from the outer disc**

**Simultaneous with the radio jet**

**X-ray wind detected by Chandra** King et al. 2015

# V404 Cygni: 2015 Outburst

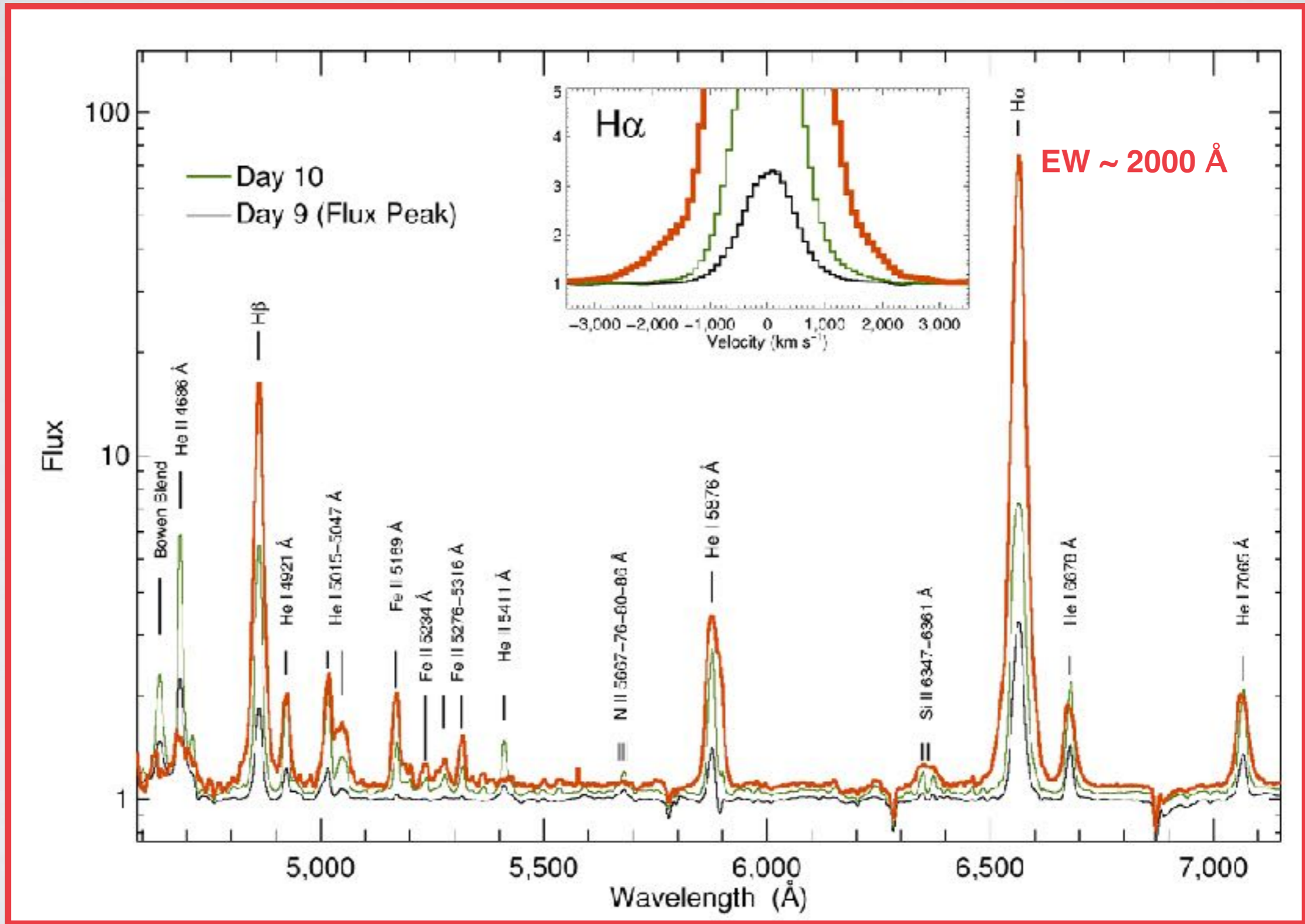


Low Ionisation: P-Cyg Profiles

Nebular Phase



# NEBULAR PHASE

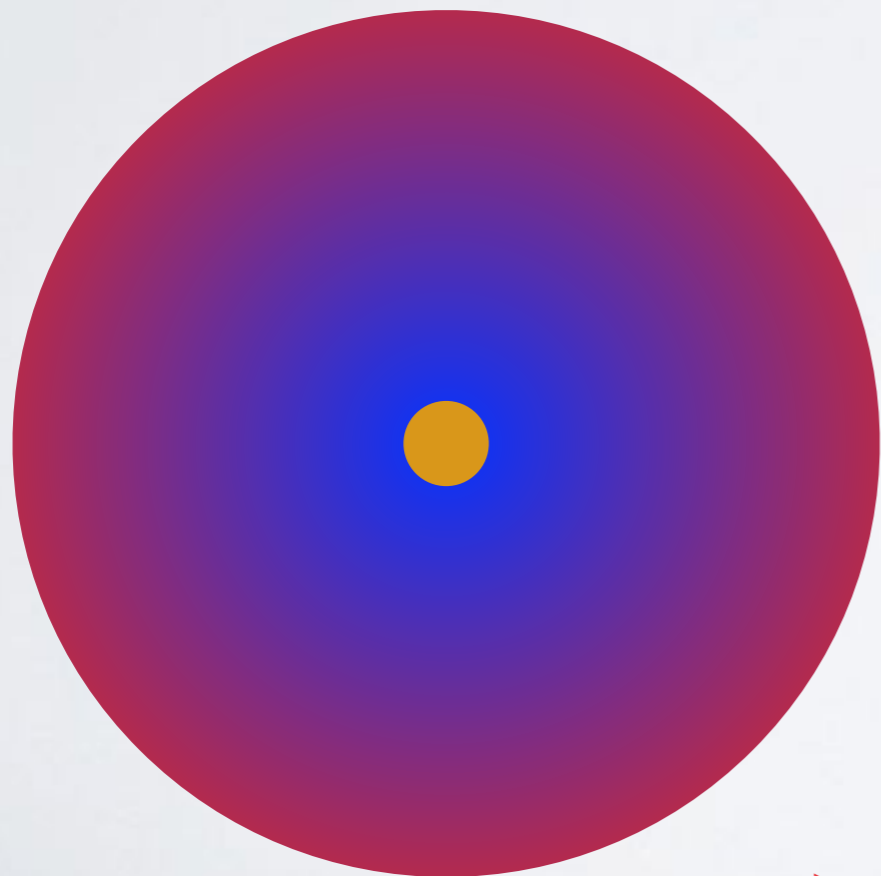


Optically thick to optically thin transition

# Mass Balance (King, Kolb, Burderi 1996)

Disc contains:  $M_{\text{disc}} \sim 10^{-5} M_{\odot}$

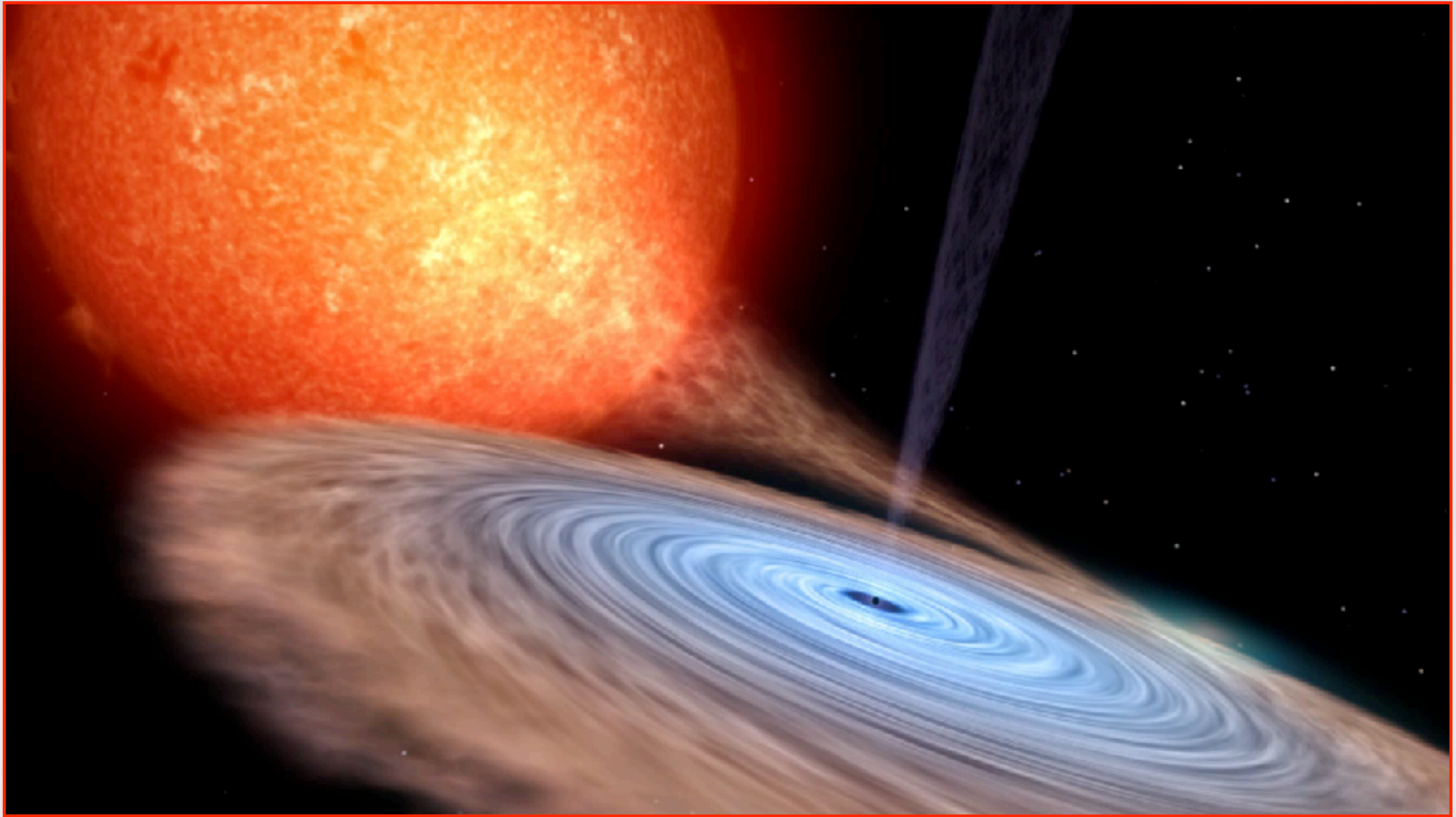
- Ejected Mass:  $> 0.001 M_{\text{disc}}$
- Accreted Mass:  $\sim 0.001 M_{\text{disc}}$
- Transferred Mass (quiescence):  $\sim 0.003 M_{\text{disc}}$



disc  $\sim 30$  l.s.

Innermost 3 l.s. (Consistent with thermal wind launching radius)

# The wind is regulating the outburst! (?)



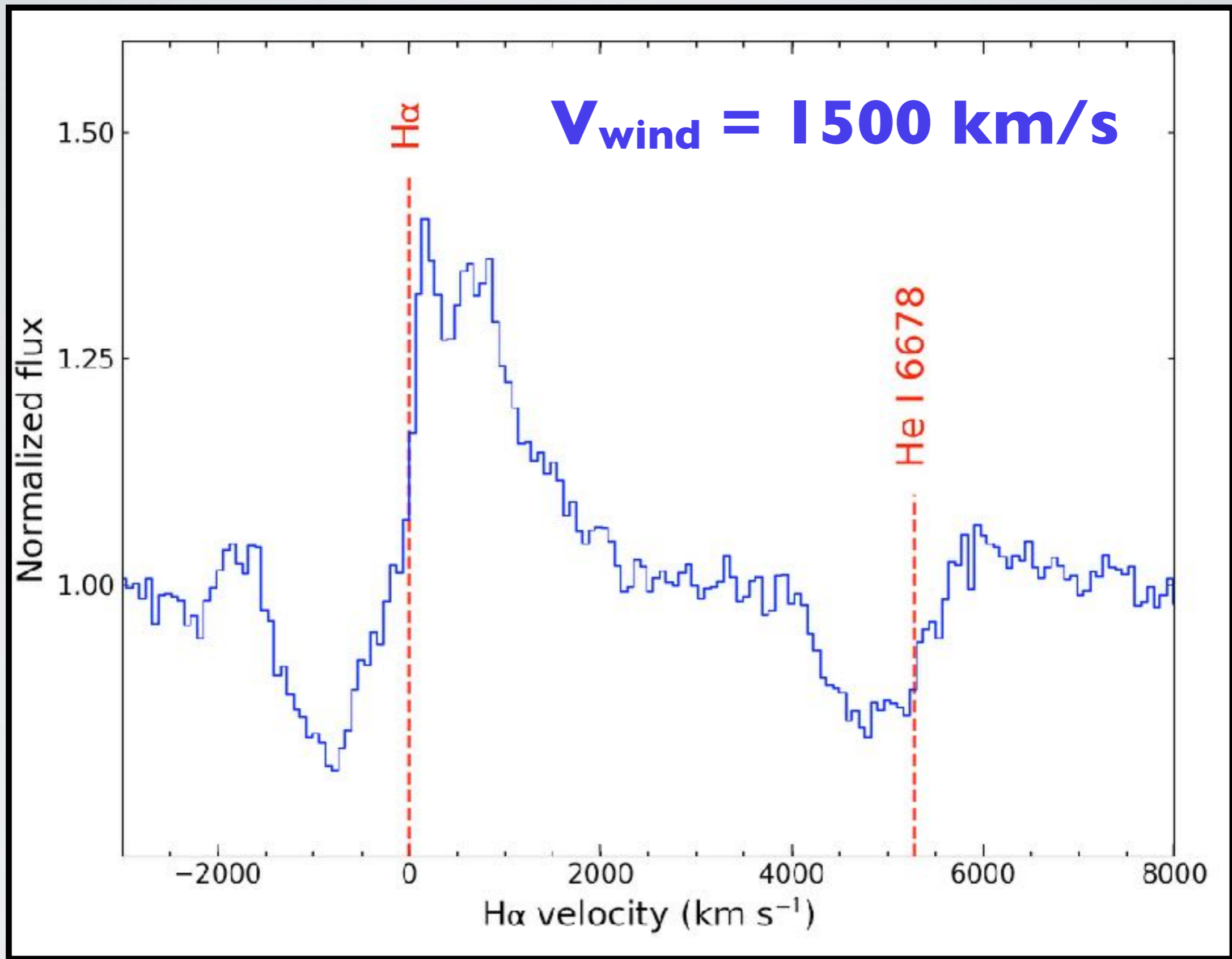
Credit. G. Perez (IAC)

**Are optical winds just a “peculiarity” of  
V404 Cygni ?**

**No**

# Are optical winds just a “peculiarity” of V404 Cygni ?

- ★ **V4641 Sagittarii:** archival search (**FLWO**). Optical winds present in every outburst [Muñoz-Darias, Torres & García 2018](#)

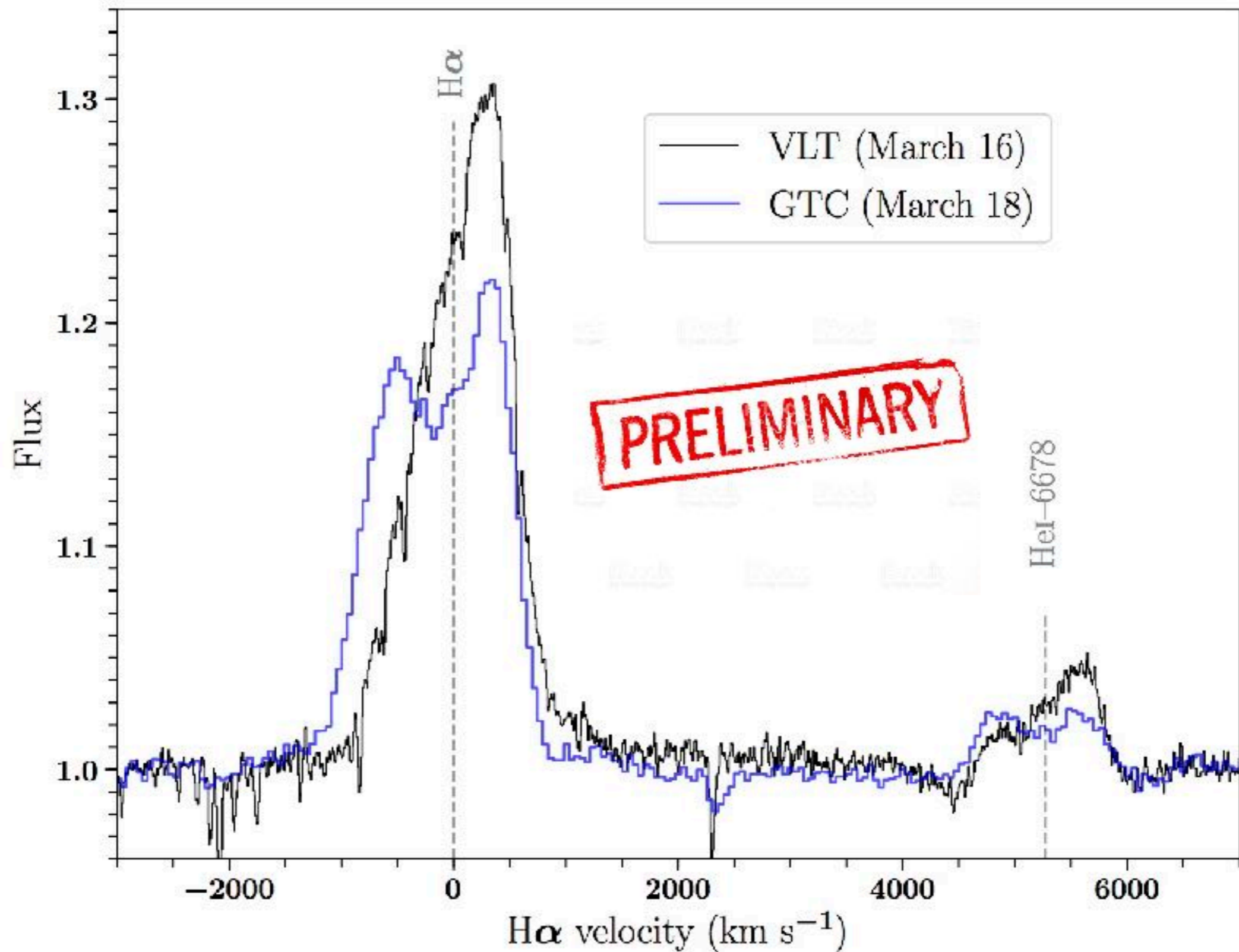


## Optical wind simultaneous with the jet in V4641 Sgr

Muñoz-Darias, Torres & Garcia, 2018, MNRAS

# Are optical winds just a “peculiarity” of V404 Cygni ?

- ★ **V4641 Sagitarii:** archival search (**FLWO**). Optical winds present in every outburst *Muñoz-Darias, Torres & García 2018*
- ★ **MAXI J1820+070:** Black hole candidate discovered in 2018. **GTC**, **VLT** and **Keck** spectroscopy triggered. *Muñoz-Darias, Jiménez-Ibarra et al. in prep.*



## Black hole transient MAXI J1820+070

Muñoz-Darias, Jimenez-Ibarra et al. in prep.



# Are optical winds just a “peculiarity” of V404 Cygni ?

- ★ **V4641 Sagittarii:** archival search. Optical winds present in every outburst Muñoz-Darias, Torres & García 2018
- ★ **MAXI J1820+070:** Black hole candidate discovered in 2018. GTC, VLT and Keck spectroscopy triggered. Muñoz-Darias in prep. / Jiménez Ibarra in prep.
- ★ **Neutron Stars:**
  - ☼ Conspicuous radio Jets [Migliari & Fender 2006](#)
  - ☼ X-ray winds: [Diaz-Trigo et al. 2006](#); [Ponti, Muñoz-Darias & Fender](#)
  - ☼ Archival search show that Infrared winds are likely present [Bandyopadhyay et al. 1999](#); [Homan et al. 2016](#)

## **We have detected/discovered:**

Cold **accretion disc winds** from stellar-mass black holes

Simultaneous with the **Radio-jet**

**Nebular phase** (1st ever)

Not only in V404 Cygni

## **Implications:**

Wind carries as much material as that accreted

Accretion phase might be **regulated by the wind**

Are these cold winds a **fundamental property**  
of black hole accretion?

**We are hiring a Postdoc to work in this project  
for 2 years (see AAS Jobs)**



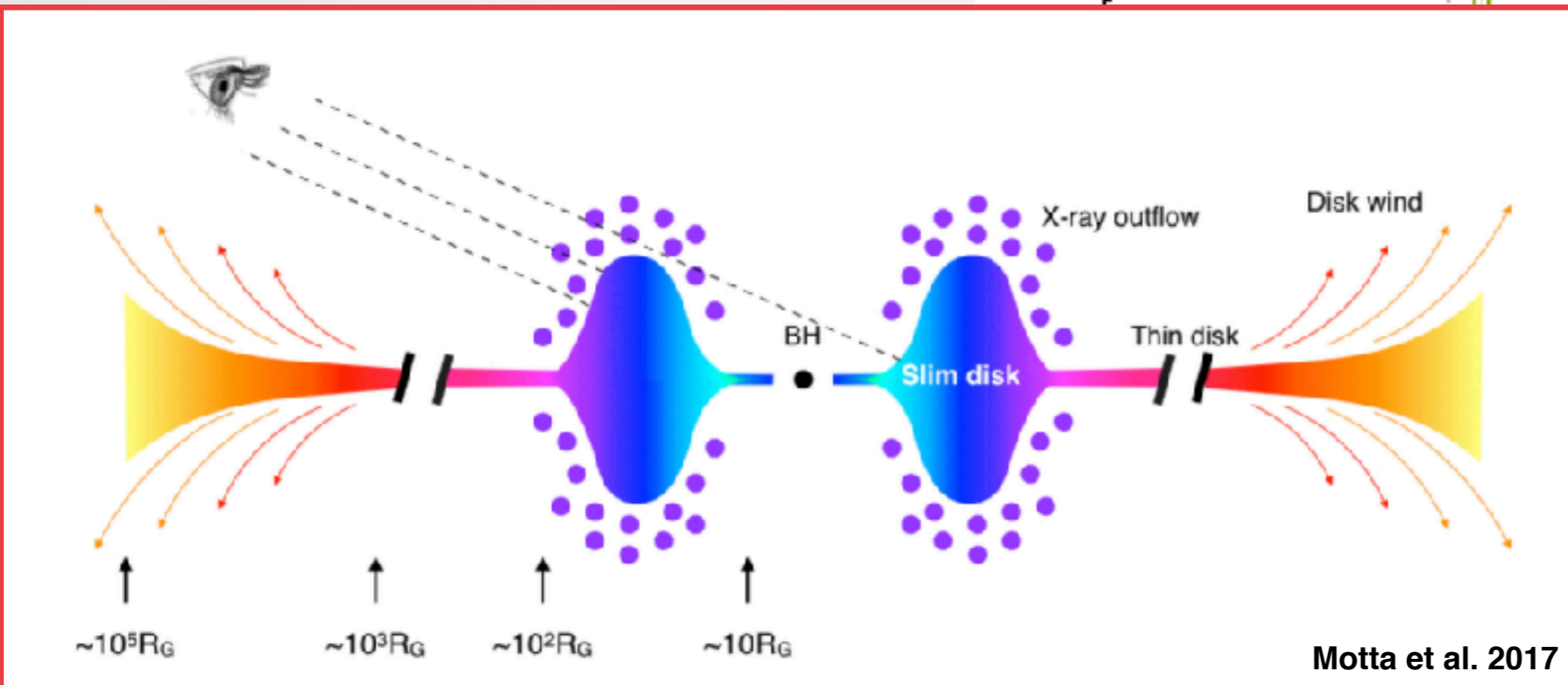
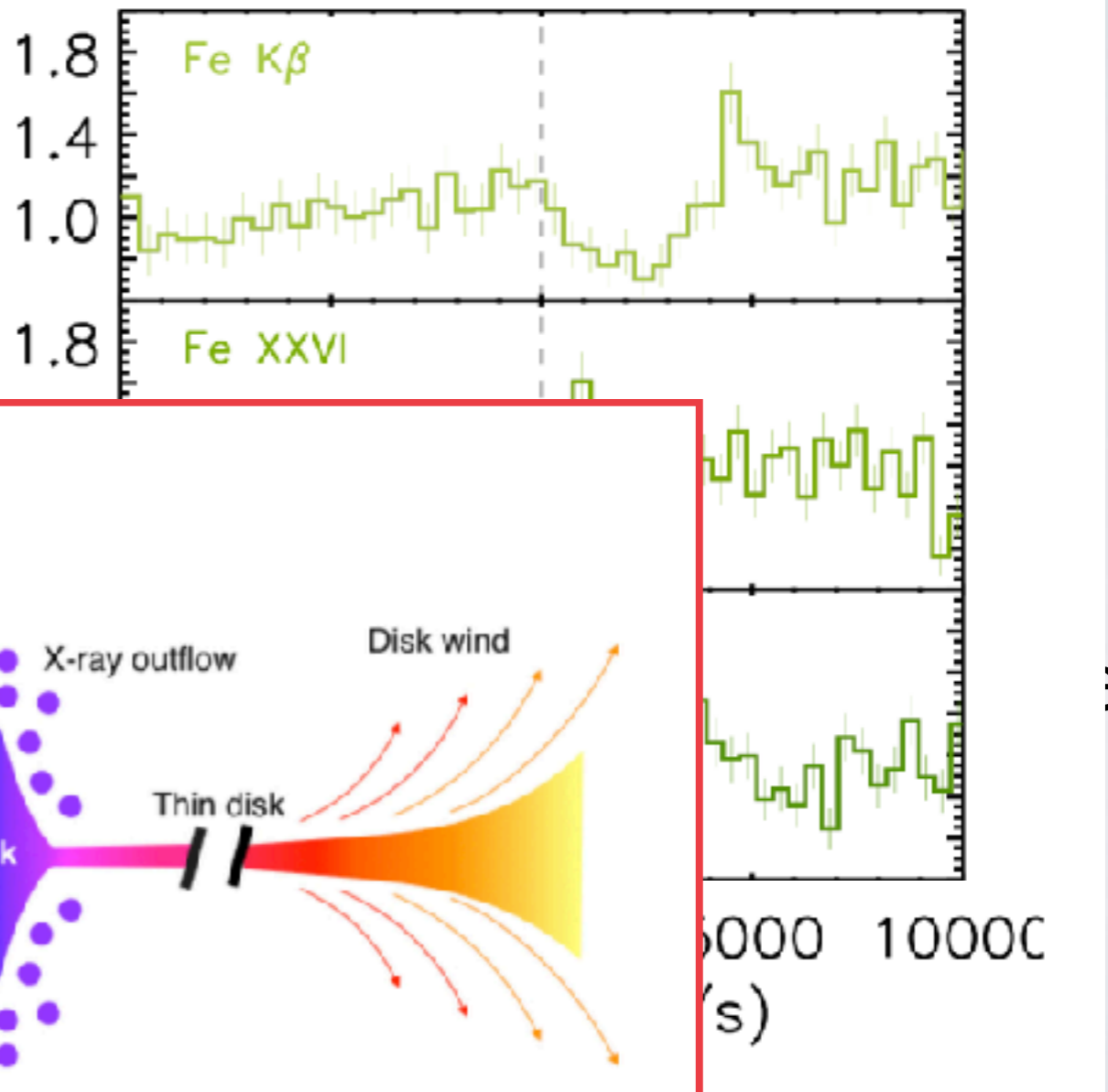
# SOME NUMBERS

(Shakura & Sunyaev 1973; King et al. 1996; Begelman et al. 1982)

## Wind Mechanism

- Wind velocity ( $V_T \sim 1.5 - 3 \times 10^3 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ ) = escape velocity at  $0.5 - 2 \text{ l.s.}$
- Temperature  $< 3 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$  for Luminous

Thermal Wind from the outer disc  
 Radiation Driven is probably not



ted (King et al. 2015)

# Summary

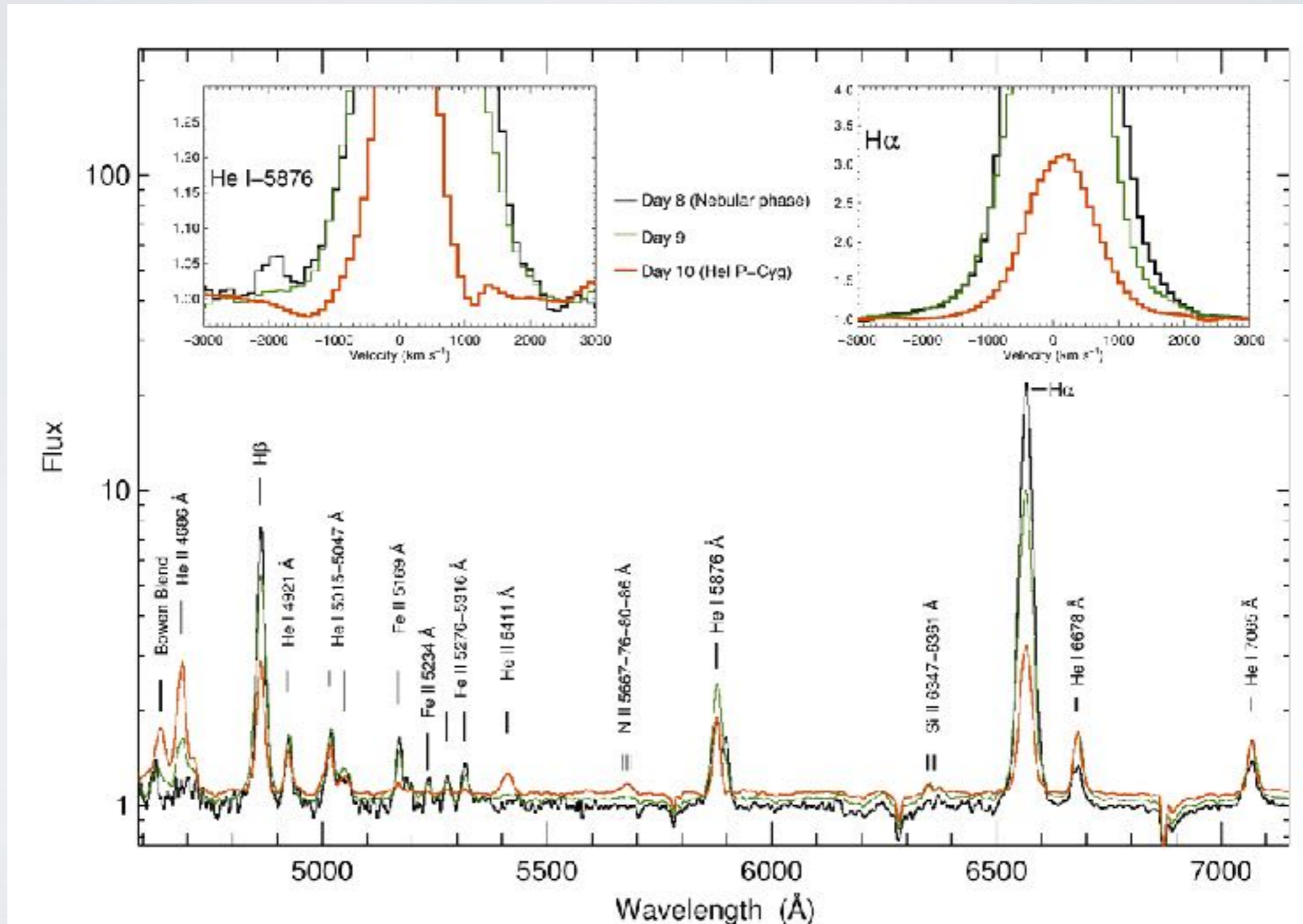
## **The 2015 outburst of V404 Cygni forces us to revisit the global picture of BH outburst:**

- ★ Luminous but very short outburst. No soft state
- ★ High velocity wind ( $3000 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ ) simultaneous with the jet. Nebular phase (1st ever)
- ★ Variable absorption. Strong flaring
- ★ Wind carries as much material as that accreted
- ★ Only the very inner disc is accreted
- ★ Accretion phase regulated by the wind?
- ★ How general is this? Is it just a matter of accretion disc size?
- ★ Do we really understand large accretion discs?

# THE DECEMBER MINI-OUTBURST

**We detected (again) optical wind (GTC+OSIRIS)**

**Radio (AMI) and X-ray (Integral, Swift) coverage and optical photometry (pt5m)**



# Many exciting results: (~40 papers)

- ★ **Strong variability** in radio, sub-mm (Tetarenko et al. 2017), **Optical** (Gandhi et al. 2016) **Soft X-ray rays** (Motta et al. 2017) and **hard X-rays** (Rodriguez et al. 2015; Walton et al. 2017)
- ★ Possible **High-energy Gamma-Ray Activity** detected by *AGILE* (Piano et al. 2017) and *Fermi* (Loh et al. 2016; Jenke et al. 2016)
- ★ **Optical patterns** mimicking GRS 1915+105 (in X-rays) but at much lower luminosities (Kimura et al. 2016, Nature)
- ★ Positron **annihilation signatures** (511 keV; Siegert et al. 2016 Nature; see **Thomas's Talk**)
- ★ Variable and **X-ray absorption** ( $10^{22} - 10^{24} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ ). Super-Eddington luminosity (?). No soft states (Motta et al. 2017). **Radio jet** always on (e.g. Muñoz-Darias et al. 2016)
- ★ Sustained **optical accretion disc wind simultaneous with the radio jet** (Muñoz-Darias et al. 2016 Nature). **X-ray wind** (King et al. 2015)